Daily British Colonist.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR. } VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1884. { VOLUME XXI NO 110

Daily Colonist.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, EXCEPT MONDAY

BY D. W. HIGGINS.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY COLONIST—Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada).....$10
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per Week (if delivered).....25 Cents.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion 10 cents, each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES among the local items or reading matter, 10 cents per line each insertion or $1 50 per month. If inserted in column "What Some People Say," 20 cents per line each insertion or $2 per month. No Special Notice inserted for less than $2.

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THE WEEKLY COLONIST — Postage free to any part of the Dominion.....$3
Six Months.....$2
Three Months.....$1

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SUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAILS

The Craze For Small Feet.

The competition between dudes in the matter of small feet has become so intense that they are visiting the consulting room of prominent surgeons and asking to have their big toes amputated, so that they may be able to get into boots of the smallest compass possible. Professor William H. Pancoast, of the Jefferson medical college, has, during the past month, been called upon by three men and one woman all of them making the singular request. In every instance he refused to perform the operation, and the would-be patients went away disgusted. The idea of the surgeon's knife aiding them in their efforts to attain the beautiful seems to have occurred to hundreds of people simultaneously, like an epidemic.

"I can't account for this remarkable desire for being mutilated for the sake of appearance," said Dr. Pancoast to a *Press* reporter, "but I can say it has, like all fashionable crazes, sprung up in a very short time. It must be due to the pointed shoe. You see, the cutting off the big toe would not materially shorten a foot, but it would make the end of it narrower, so that the patient would be able to wear a shoe as pointed as a dagger. This seems to be the modern conception of pedal beauty. By-and-by, the pointed shoe will go out and then these people who are having their big toes sliced off will be sorry."

"Would the slicing off a big toe hurt a dude?" asked the reporter.

"Not materially," answered the physician. "In fact, people whose toes have had to be amputated through disease seem to get along all right. I have had lots of patients whose toes have been removed, and they have always been consoled when told of the dainty boots they will be able to wear. And I really don't think they miss the toes. It is a curious fact that most of the applicants are men. Popular prejudice would at once conclude that none but a woman could be so vain. One of my visitants was a farmer, though what on earth he wanted with small feet I can't imagine.

"It is a common thing for surgeons to have patients who want meeting eyebrows eradicated," Prof. Pancoast continued. "In these cases we remove the hair by the roots and then apply electricity, which gives the person a sharp, stinging pain. After this treatment the undesirable brows never return. Ladies who are so unfortunate as to have mustaches are treated in the same way, but it is so painful that they can only have half a mustache removed a day. They go away looking very funny. It is getting quite common to do away with defects in the ear or nose. All these items are part of a physician's regular routine; that is, all excepting the big toe treatment, which I would never perform for anyone. I call it flying in the face of nature. The big toe is not a superfluity; in fact, it has a very decided use, and the profession should discountenance any attempt to abolish it."—*Philadelphia Press.*

"There are quite a number of peculiarities connected with cuffs. We have one customer, a clerk in the Third National Bank, who is in the habit of figuring on his cuffs. Sometimes he uses an analine pencil, and it takes a good deal of work to get the marks out. Then he has a habit of always turning his cuffs and marking up the other ends, so that by the time they reach the laundry they look more like two dirty telegrams than anything else. Quite a number of reporters have the same habit, and I found the text and the leading outlines of a minister's sermon upon a pair on Wednesday morning."—*Laundress in Cincinnati Enquirer.*

The latest medical dictum as to smoking is that it is a prolific cause of nasal and nasal-pharyngeal catarrh, and produces necrosis of the teeth, instead of preserving them; but it is an excellent remedy in the incipient stages of insanity.

The total superficies of the seas in the world is 231,915,905 square miles, while that of all the continents and islands is only 34,354,950 square miles.

The Story of a Coat.

I was strolling along carelessly in Chatham street, when a man rushed out of a door, with a Sam'l of Posen face, and seized me in his arms. "Great Cæsar!" said I. He started to carry me into his store. Is it possible, thought I, that he has mistaken me for his clothing store dummy, and is taking me in out of the wet? Before I knew where I was, he had dragged me into his lair, where there were two more men, who looked so much like him that the three might have been taken for twins. I thought of Daniel in the lion's den. I was representing Daniel in the tableau. Like Daniel, I was taken for a profit.

Did you ever notice how those Davenport brothers, of spiritualistic fame, got their coats off and on in two turns and one motion? Well, that's the way, only faster, that my old coat came off and a new one went on.

"Oh, ain't he cunning?" said one of them, referring to my improved appearance.

"Don't you vant to puy dot goat for seving tollars?"

I really didn't need any coat, but on examining it I found the cloth was the finest I had ever seen. It was really a $20 coat.

I examined the coat once more. The garment was of the very best cloth. Then I asked myself; Is it right for me to take advantage of the mistake of these unfortunate Israelites, who are strangers in a strange land? May be they are just starting out in business, and perhaps they have families dependent upon them for support. On the other hand, business is business. It is for them to look out for their own interests. If they see proper to sell me a $20 coat for $7, why should I presume to dictate to perfect strangers about their business affairs? I reluctantly consented to buy the garment. I handed out $7, which they accepted without any hesitation, which surprised me, as I expected them to back out. I backed out as soon as they wrapped up my purchase. It was so kind in them to wrap up the coat for me considering how little money they got for it. When I got into the street with the bundle under my arm I felt as if I had stolen it. My conscience troubled me so that I took the bundle back to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, and told them that there must be some mistake about the coat. They became very indignant, and, not only refused to take it back, but actually pushed me out into the street with as much cordiality as they had formerly shown in pulling me in.

I hurried off with my precious bargain, which the partner of my joys unwrapped.

"Is this the coat you paid $7 for?' asked my wife, holding up a wretched, shoddy garment I had never seen before, or behind either.

"No, no," I stammered; "that's not the coat. The Jew has wrapped up the wrong coat by mistake."

"Well, then, take it back to them, and tell them that they have made a mistake, and get your money back."

I did take the bundle back to them, but they said there was no mistake. They would not listen to me. The children indulged in unseemly levity. The coat has since been cut up for dish rags.

A few days after my Chatham experience I met Sykes. He has lived in New York all his life, and knows everything about the city. He said: "I know those identical Israelites. Lord, how they hate me. I can pass there a thousand times a day, and they will never try to sell me a coat for $7. They tried once and I got away with the coat. You see, I knew all about the trick of wrapping up the wrong coat. They fitted me with a coat that was really worth twenty dollars, the finest kind of a coat, and then after I had tried it on, and found it fitted, they wanted me to take it off. I refused to co-operate. I would not let them take the coat off. Abraham tried to pull it off, and I hit him a fearful whack on the nose. I nearly knocked it off. It is crooked yet. Then Jacob ran to the door and called: 'Bolice! Bolice!' A policeman came running with his tongue hanging out. I happened to know him. His name is Mike Sullivan. He is a whole-souled Irishman. We belong to the same lodge. He clubbed Abraham and Isaac all over the store, while I got Jacob over a dry goods box and paddled him good with a piece of the cover.

"Policeman Sullivan ran all three Israelites in, and Judge Donahue, another chum of mine, a whole-souled, noble Irishman, by the way—you ought to know him, I'll introduce you some day—he fined Abraham, whose nose I dislocated, $10, and Isaac, whom Sullivan clubbed, got $20, and Jacob, whom I paddled with the piece of a shoe-box, got ten days for resisting an officer in the discharge of his duty. And I got away with the $20 coat, and the best of it was that I didn't pay the $7, so I got the $20 coat for nothing. Whenever I pass their store," continued Sykes, "and any of them are standing in the door, I shake my hand, and say: 'Abraham, don't you vant to puy a goat for seving tollars?'"—*Alex. E. Sweet, in Texas Siftings.*

The Gamin's Game.

The small-sized newsboy who used to weep in down-town doorways and tell sympathetic and curious passers-by that if he went home without selling his papers an angry and drunken father would caress him with a club has hit upon a new dodge. He hies himself to one of the quiet and fashionable avenues at the unseemly hour of 2 a. m., and howls in a very high key until he arouses the slumbering neighborhood. In answer to the queries of the white-robed figures at adjacent windows he springs his old gag about unsold papers and a brutal parent. Night before last the scheme was put in operation on Michigan boulevard, and the result was a sensation. One lady leaned out of her window and said: "Little boy, if you are bound to cry, for Heaven's sake do not yell in that one key."

Worth a Dollar.

Journeying once from New York to Boston in the cars, Daniel Webster occupied a seat with a gentleman, who relates the story, to whom he said not a word until the train was approaching New Haven. Turning to him then, in his profoundest voice he asked: "Can you tell me, sir, of any place in New Haven where I can get a glass of first-rate brandy? I am not feeling well."

His companion did happen to know a little house opposite the station, famous in those days to the initiated, where the unadulterated could be obtained, and it being without a sign, he told his inquirer how to find it—to enter the door and go up-stairs to the little front room, and ask for a glass of the best brandy. "And, stay! tell the man to give it to you out of the black bottle under the counter."

There was not much time to lose, but Webster found the place, and, mounting to the little room, astonished the keeper by the magnificent depth of tone and air of authority with which he asked for a glass of brandy, and that, too, without delay. "And, stop, sir," said the statesman, slowly raising his hand and pointing with his eloquent finger, "I want it from that black bottle under the counter."

The awed keeper obeyed. The great man poured out a nearly-full tumbler, poured it down with expanding satisfaction, threw a bill on the counter, and turned to descend.

"Stop, sir!" cried the man; "your change."

Webster turned with portentious solemnity, and in the tone that so often thrilled the Senate, exclaimed, "No, sir. A man who gives a glass of brandy like that to a thirsty traveler should never give change for a dollar."

When the astonished barkeeper related the incident, he learned who his imposing customer was.—*Harper's Magazine.*

A Good Story of Washington Irving.

"Speaking of his liking to look at workmen," says an old friend of Washington Irving, "reminds me of another good story which he used to tell with great enjoyment—no one can tell his stories as he used to. One day when he was building the extension to Sunnyside, as he strolled about watching the carpenters, he happened to pick up an apple that had been blown from a tree. The next moment he felt his arm tugged, and turning saw a ragged little urchin—one of half a dozen who had come to pick up the chips left by the workmen—looking up into his face.

"'Say, mister,' says the little chap, just you come with me and I'll show you where to get some good apples; but mind you don't let the old man know,' meaning Mr. Irving himself.

"'Well,' Mr. Irving used to say, telling the story, 'the little scamp brought me to the very best tree in my orchard and there we filled our pockets together and ate our fill of my very best apples. We got on very well together, and I believe it's the only case I ever heard of where a man participated in the robbery of his own orchard.'"

A Battle of Ants.

A number of persons were standing in front of the City Hall, Denver, the other afternoon. A large number of ants were noticed running about on the steps and ground, constantly augmented by numbers from unknown quarters. Examination revealed the fact that the ants were winged and were tumbling from the air. Further investigation showed that the ants were of two species, and that a battle begun in the air was raging on the ground. One of the species of the warring insects was large and red, with wings the size of a house fly; the other was a small red ant, with a black head and small wings. They were in superior numbers and attacked their enemies by twos, fours and scores. Several balls of the ferocious warriors when separated showed as many as thirty small ants on one large one. Here and there could be seen single combats, the small ants in every case victorious. Those that were clinched in the air remained clinched on the ground until one or the other was vanquished and dead.

But as a general thing they fell to the ground and at once prepared for battle. Each side was under leaders, who massed their forces and marched them with military precision upon the foe. Skirmish lines were thrown out. The lines advanced, retreated, advanced again, and then the battle became general. The rules of civilized warfare were observed for a while, but before the fight was over it was a go-as-you please affair. The small ants were in the majority but their opponents were giants compared with them and they crushed the pigmies in their strong mandibles as an alligator would a gnat.

For at least half an hour the battle raged. The ground was thick with the dead and the dying, the latter being dispatched wherever found. At last the giants were routed. They fled ignominiously, pursued by the pigmies, who slaughtered them by scores while in full retreat, some flying, others running to escape with their lives. The visitors acted as if they wanted to crow, and probably did, but if they made any noise the spectators were not aware of it, if the vanquished were.

Last night I rescued a frog from the claws of a cat, and to my great surprise it turned, and, after gazing at me for a few seconds, jumped slightly toward me, halting after each leap and looking up into my face. It thus gradually approached, and in about two or three minutes had actually climbed upon one of my feet. Its mute appeal for protection was most remarkable, and could not possibly be misunderstood.—*Nature.*

Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, Jr., of New York, is now said to be the authoress of the novel, "Those Pretty St. George Girls."

NEARLY A COLLISION.

The British Shibp Acona Run into a Bank to Avoid Colliding with A Collier at Swan Island.

The British ship Abeona, wheat laden, left down the river about noon yesterday in charge of river pilot Ferchen, in tow of the E. N. Cooke. The County of Merioneth, wheat laden, in Charge of pilot Johnson and towed by the Alice, left down but a short time after. The Abeona had entered the narrow cut just below the Portland flouring mills when the Gregon Improvement Co.'s collier Willamette was sighted coming up near the lower end of the cut. The Cooke gave a long whistle, which is the understood signal for a vessel coming up stream to stop. This signal was not noticed by the collier, which continued to ascend. Pilot Ferchen immediately saw that a collision was unavoidable unless the Abeona was grounded. He chose the latter alernative, and ran the Abeona into the west bank, the collier passing by safely. A man standing on the mill dock ran back and sang out to Johnson to stop the Merioneth, she being around the bend and not able to see the condition of affairs. Pilot Johnson stopped his ship only in good time to avoid a general piling up. The Abeona slowly swung around athwart the channel, and completely blocked it. The barkentine Catherine Sudden, in ballast, was towed past, finding but eight feet of water. Altogether the affair is one that calls for investigation.

There was a narrow escape from general damage. The Abeona commenced lightering cargo as soon as barges could be got alongside. The steamer S. G. Reed was sent down below Swan island to meet the Columbia, and took off her passengers, mail and express, landing them at the Ash street dock at 7 P. M. At 8:30 P. M., the tide having risen and a portion of her cargo having been lightered, the Abeona floated. Owing to fog on the river it was not thought that the Columbia could come up till this morning. Captain Holmes, of the collier Willamette, disclaims all blame in the matter of the Abeona going aground. There is some one to blame, however, and it is a rule of the river that dessending boats with tows have the right of way.—Origonian.

A YARMOUTH TRAGEDY.

How Absolam Hurlburt Confessed His Crime.

YARMOUTH, N. S, Oct. 31.—A charge of murder has been preferred against Absolam Hurlburt, but was dismissed. He has, however, been rearrested, having confessed that he killed Benjamin Trefry. Trefry left his home on Saturday night to visit his sweetheart, a few miles away. He has not since been seen. A neighbour who had heard Hurlburt utter a threat against Trefry caused his arrest, but as there was no evidence against him he was dismissed.

Hurlburt went back to his house and resumed his wood-chopping. As evening approached neighbours dropped in and began to talk of his acquittal. Hurlburt talked less than anybody, but finally knitting his brow with passion, he swung the axe over his shoulder and buried the edge deep in a log. Then he looked at the men who had been talking and said:—

"You are fools; fools, all of you. I did kill him, and I hid him where no one can find him. He is under the water in Wilson's Lake. They can't try a man twice for the same thing, and now that they've cleared me it doesn't make any difference. Besides, I'm not the only one to blame."

Then he went into the house, drank a mug of cider, ate an apple and went to bed.

Constables dragged Wilson's pond to day and crowds waited for the first glimpse of the cospse of the murdered man.

NOTHING gives such a forcible idea of the tyranny exercised in Russia just now as the humiliating condition of the press. Scarcely even the ghost of of anything like free speech is left. Since the commencement of the present reign eight newspapers, including the Golos, have been choked off. Only two Liberal newspapers still exist, and their thread of fate may be cut at any moment. The magazines are especially honoured with the hatred of the tyrants. The The Slovo, the Messenger of Europe, the Annals of the Country have all been suppressed. Books are the latest objects of attack, as all things bearing within them the germs of life are odious to the workers of death. An index of books which may not be sold has lately been published. It comprises 125 works in 800 volumes, and includes such books as Lyell's "Antiquity of Man," Adam Smith's "Wealth of Nations," and Lubbock's "Primitive Civilization," as well as all the writings of John Stuart Mill, W. Bagehot, and Herbert Spencer. Such a Government must surely be "fey," bewitched by the powers of evil, and intent on urging on its own destruction. The direct effects of these latest measures of suicidal "possession" are intense exasperation on the part of the whole educated class, and a renewal of the old secret colportage.

CANADA FOR CLEVELAND.

Orangemen and Free-Traders to Work Against Blaine.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—An Inter-Ocean special from Quebec, Can., of Nov. 3d says: That British Canadians; are taking an active interest in the effort to defeat Blaine is now settled beyond the shadow of a doubt. Special trains were quietly loaded this morning with Canadians, bound for the United States. At this city and Montreal the passengers are made up of orangemen and agents of the British Government. The former will work with the members of that organization in the State of New York and the latter with the free traders. The greatest interest has been shown the Dominion since the nomination of Blaine and developments to day show that a secret, well-organized movement of very considerable dimensions has resulted in the departure of these two bodies of men. The Orangemen fear Blaine's pronounced frendship for the Irish, while the English agents represent the Cobden Club and the general free-trade sentiment of their country and have plenty of funds, which they will distribute under the guidance of Canadian friends, who knew better than they where money will do the most good. Aside from the Irish and free-trade issues, there is a base, but fierce, opposition to Blaine. It is conceded that the fact that Blaine's mother was a devoted Catholic, and that a number of his living relatives are of the same faith, will, in the event of his election, give that church social pre-eminence and political prestige in the United States such as it has never heretofore enjoyed.

Charges Against G. C. Bolton.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Irish members of the House are infuriated at the decision of the Government to sustain Lord Spencer. They regard Mr. Geo. C. Bolton, the Dublin Crown Solicitor, as the hinge upon which hung the refusal of Lord Spencer to resign. They believe, therefore, that the refusal of the Maamtrasna inquiry does not mean an endorsement of Lord Spencer's administration, but a condonement of Bolton's offences. It is safe to state now that there is war to the knife be been the Home Rulers and the Government. Mr. Thomas Sexton, M. P. for County Sligo, to-night moved a new amendment to the Address in reply to the Queen's speech. He fiercely assailed Mr. Bolton, and charged that he had been conclusively proven guilty of all the offences of which he had been accused. Geo. Bolton, he said, had been guilty of the most flagrant acts, in packing juries in Ireland, to prevent condemnation for crime. If Bolton were to be retained by the Government as the Crown representative in cases in which he was so deeply involved, it was time to say good-bye to fair trials in Ireland, and Mr. Sexton implored God to spare the innocent.

REVISION OF THE COMMON PRAYER BOOK.—The Oxford Press is about to effect a revolution in the Book of Common Prayer. It proposes to issue a Sunday service Book of the Church of England, the object of which is "not to change a sentence or even syllable of any of the services; it will add nothing but perspicuity of form, it will subtract nothing but confusion of order," and further, it is anticipated "it will tend to popularzie and utilsze the Book of Common Prayer among the masses."

FOR SALE—TO LET.

FOR SALE

BUILDING LOT, JAMES BAY—GOOD LOCATION. CHEAP FOR CASH.
no11 2t Apply at *The Colonist* Office.

TO LET.

THREE COTTAGES ON MENZIES ST., JAMES Bay, with Orchard and Well of Spring Water. Apply to W. C. S. SEELEY,
no8 Australian Hotel.

TO LET

THE WAREHOUSE AND WHARF AT FOOT OF Johnson street, north of the ferry. Possession on 1st Nov., next. Apply to
oc14 1m Ld. LOWENBERG.

TO LET.

FOR THREE OR SIX MONTHS, A FURNISHED House in the healthiest part of the city.
no1 Apply to Ld. LOWENBERG.

FOR SALE.

A FARM IN COMOX DISTRICT CONTAINING 200 acres or thereabouts, 106 of prairie, all well fenced, and 35 acres under the plow; a house, barn and sheds complete and well watered. Tenders will be received till February 1st, 1885. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For terms and particulars apply to
oc29dw1t JOHN HETHERINGTON, Comox.

JAMES BAY.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE LOTS FOR SALE ON very easy terms of payment. The lots are clear and dry; the soil good.
oc23 1m ALLSOP & MASON.

TO PRINTERS.

HOE SINGLE CYLINDER PRESS FOR SALE

IN PERFECT ORDER—FITTED FOR HAND OR steam. May be seen at work in *The Colonist* Pressrooms. Will be sold VERY LOW.
je21tf Apply at *The Colonist* office.

FOR SALE

1440 ACRES CHOICE DELTA LANDS 3 miles from Ladner's Landing on the trunk wagon road; two other roads running through the premises. Apply to
de23tf E. A. WADHAMS, Ladner's Landing, B.C.

DENTISTRY.

R. B. THOMPSON, DENTIST,

OFFICE:—Old Masonic Building, over Messrs. Wilson & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, Government Street.

☞ Nitric Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m., 5 p. m. mh26

A. C. WEST, SURGEON DENTIST,

ALL OPERATIONS PERFORMED IN A SKILful manner. Dental Rooms—Denny's building, Government street. my31 1m

T. J. JONES, L. D. S.,

GRADUATE AND MEMBER OF ROYAL College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, Moody's Block, corner of Yates and Broad streets.

☞ All Dental Operations performed in a skilful manner.

Has been 23 years engaged in dental practice.
mh7

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT

HAS REMOVED TO OFFICES OVER SHEARS & Page, London House, Government street.
ap9

THOS. TROUNCE ARCHITECT, ETC.

OFFICE ON KANE STREET, ABOVE DOUGLASS

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULL prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed. 3m

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS,

OFFICE:—At corner of Government and Bastion s (Upstairs.)

Street Lines and Measurements of any Lot in the city given and guaranteed. Designs and Tracings furnished at short notice. mh26 1m

BALL'S HEALTH-PRESERVING CORSET.

A Perfect Corset Secured at Last!

GUARANTEE:

ANY LADY PURCHASING ONE OF BALL'S CORSETS can return it after wearing it Three Weeks if NOT PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY IN EVERY RESPECT, and we will REFUND THE PRICE PAID FOR IT.

HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BALL'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSETS

COILED SPRING ELASTIC SECTION

The ONLY CORSET made that can be returned by its purchaser after three weeks wear, if not found PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY in every respect, and its price refunded by seller. Made in a variety of styles and prices. Sold by first-class dealers everywhere. Beware of worthless imitations. None genuine unless it has Ball's name on the box.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago, Ill.

BALL'S HEALTH-PRESERVING CORSET is a thoroughly Durable, Substantial Corset, and when quality is considered, is the CHEAPEST Corset in the market.

BALL'S H. P. NURSING CORSET needs only to be tried to be appreciated, and no other will be worn after a trial but this.

BALL'S H. P. MISSES' CORSET—It fits the Miss and expands as she breathes, and does not injure the growing girl.

PRICES:

MISSES', $1.
CIRCLE HIP H. P., $1 50.
HEALTH-PRESERVING, $1 75.
NURSING, $2.

BY MAIL 25 CENTS EXTRA.

☞ ADDRESS:

HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.,

THE WHITE HOUSE

oc30 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

NOTICE.

To Applicants for the Purchase of Land.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL Claims of applicants to purchase land under the provisions of the Acts repealed by the "Land Act, 1884," will cease and determine on Tuesday, the 18th of November next. And that all the provisions of the said Acts, including payment, must be complied with on or before that date.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B. C., 30th Oct., 1884. oc31

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO R. R.

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE,
VICTORIA, Sept. 22, 1884.

SCHEDULE OF WAGES

FOR WHITE LABOR ON THE ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Rock Foreman	$3 00 to	$4 00	per day
Earth Foreman	2 50	3 00	"
Bridge Foreman	3 50	4 00	"
Bridge Carpenters		3 00	"
Blacksmiths, 1st class		3 50	"
Drillers	2 00	2 25	"
Laborers	1 75	2 00	"
Hewers		3 00	"
Choppers	1 75	2 00	"

All outside labor ten hours per day.
All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.
All employees find themselves bed, board and lodging.
Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.
Board, $4 per week.
It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.
Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th of each month.

GRAHAM & BUSK,
se23tf Contractors.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

YALE, March 1st, 1883.

NEW SCHEDULE OF WAGES FOR WHITE LABOR — ON THE Canadian Pacific Railway IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 ₩ month	
Rock Foreman	$3 to $4 ₩ day	
Earth Foremen	$2 50 to $3	"
Bridge Foremen	$3 50 to $4	"
Bridge Carpenters (1st class)	$3 50	"
do do (2d class)	$3	"
Masons	$2 50 to $3 50	"
Stonecutters	$3 to $3 50	
Blacksmiths (1st class)	$3 50	"
do (2d class)	$3	"
Drillers	$2 to $2 25	"
Laborers	$1 75 to $2	"
Hewers	$3 50	"
Choppers	$2 to $2 50	"

All outside labor 10 hours per day.
All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.
All employés find themselves bed, board nd lodging.
Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.
Board $5 per week.
It will not be compulsory for employés to board in the Company's houses
Wages will be paid monthly on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
mh7 General Manager.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	5.00 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	6.00 p.m
Arrives at Portland at	8.45 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11.40 a.m.
Arrives at Walla Walla at	2.03 a.m.
Arrives at Helena, Mon., at	6.30 a.m.
Arrives at St. Paul, Minn., at	12.25 p.m.

ATLANTIC EMIGRANT TRAIN.

Leaves Portland at	8.25 a.m.

(Emigrants are carried on Express Trains between Helena and St. Paul.)

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4.05 p.m
Leaves Helena at	8.30 p.m
Leaves Walla Walla at	9.56 p.m
Arrives at Portland at	11.40 a.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at	10.45 p.m
Arrives at Victoria at	8.00 p.m

PACIFIC EMIGRANT TRAIN.

(Emigrants are carried on Express Trains betw St. Paul and Helena.)

Arrives at Portland at	4.15 p.m

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with express and emigrant trains.

Emigrant passengers must present their tickets Company's ticket office, foot of Ash street, Portland Ogn., when they will secure ferry tickets on O. & R.R. transfer boat to East Portland. First and second class passengers will leave on regular trans boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 12:40 a.m. dal The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

☞ This is the only line from Puget Sound to Eastern points in the United States and Canada.

Call upon or write to

ROBT. IRVING, AGENT,
OFFICE—C. P. N. Co.'s Building, Wharf St.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

A. L. STOKES,
Gen. Frght. and Pass. Agt.

General Offices, corner Front and D. streets, Portland, Oregon. ja.01y

FOR SAVONA
PORT VAN HORNE,
AND KAMLOOPS!

AVOID LOSS OF TIME, TROUBLE, AND SAVE Expense by

Purchasing Through Tickets

From Victoria to these and Way Points.

REDUCTION

On Regular Rates is made by the C. P. N. Co., the C. P. Railway and the

B. C. EXPRESS COMP'Y

To purchasers of Through Coupon Tickets, which can be purchased at the office of the

B. C. EXPRESS CO.,
se7 YATES STREET

ESTABLISHED 1864.

RELIABLE SEEDS!

FOR 1885.

OUR SEED CATALOGUE FOR BRITISH COLumbia friends and customers now ready for mailing,

FREE TO ALL WHO APPLY.

Everything for the Farm and Garden. NO BETTER SEEDS can be bought.

Send name and address for copy. Address:

PEARCE, WELD & CO.,
no7dw2t LONDON, ONT., CANADA

ESTATE OF JOHN LARKIN, DECEASED.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the estate are to present the same to the undersigned, and debtors to the estate are required to make payments to

DAVIE & WILSON,
Solicitors for the Executrix.

Victoria, Oct. 29th, 1884. oc31

Daily Colonist.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 13TH, 1884.

$20 REWARD

WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST AND conviction of any person who may steal *The Colonist* from the door of a subscriber.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

The subject of the decadence of the navy is being thoroughly discussed by the English press, and is so persistently kept before the country that the matter must receive immediate attention upon the opening of the next session of parliament. The people have been kept in happy ignorance of the real state of the navy, or rather they have treated the matter with careless and complacent indifference, taking it for granted that the Ministry and the Admiralty must maintain the traditional supremacy of England upon the seas. Recent disclosures have forced the conviction upon the minds of the country that this supremacy at present is only an imaginary one, the true state of the navy being such that the combination of almost any two foreign powers would exceed the British strength. All kinds of statements and statistics have been published to show the condition of the navy, one of the most interesting and practical being a recent letter from Sir Edward Reed to the London Times, containing some very sensible advice. But the pith of the letter lies in the comparative tables of the navies of the world. He adopts the standard of displacement as "giving the fairest available approximate measure of the power of ships." According to the statistics the ships of the British navy, all told, including large and small, weak and strong, old and new, completed and under construction, are represented by a displacement of 437,210 tons. The navy of France, all told, displaces 425,000 tons, so that the addition of one first-class ironclad of 11,000 tons would place her on a level with the English. It follows that a combination of France and any other large power would place England in a position of decided inferiority. The naval strength of Italy is measured by a displacement of 127,000 tons, of Russia by one of 105,000 tons, of Germany by one of 104,000 tons, and of Austria by one of 60,400 tons. The fleets of Spain, Holland, Denmark and other inferior powers, though weak, might make themselves felt in coalition with others. England cannot afford to lose her prestige on the seas; she has a great empire to defend and an enormous trade to protect. There is no doubt that the cause of the reduced navy is the unwillingness of the treasury department to increase the navy estimates, but this is ridiculous in view of the enormous revenues of the country, especially when it is remembered that large surpluses are annually expended in various popular ways. The only course for England is to keep abreast of all the great powers by maintaining a large and fully equipped navy, for the reign of peace has not yet commenced. The bill passed by the next parliament will probably provide for a reconstruction of some of the obsolete vessels now in the navy and the building of a number of torpedo boats and other light craft suited to the requirements of modern warfare.

BRITAIN'S GREATNESS.

The Chicago Herald says: Let us not delude ourselves with fictitious greatness. There is another country at whose greatness we may well pause for contemplation. Its area exceeds eight and a half million square miles. The basis of its power is not land, but water. Its greatness is maritime, and its coast line is twenty-eight thousand five hundred miles long. It lies on both sides of the equator, and its boundaries touch the extremes of heat and cold. Its uncultivated area, which can be made to feed unborn millions, without the help of the United States, covers millions of square miles. It contains one hundred thousand square miles of forest, which are being jealously preserved, while ours are being ruthlessly sacrificed. Its population amounts to 315,000,000 souls, including pretty nearly all the races known to man. Its revenue for government amounts to more than a thousand million dollars annually, only one-fourth of which is levied in direct taxation. It has nearly a million men under arms. It has one policeman for every sixteen square miles of its entire area. Its 246 war vessels are all in commission, not rotting in harbors. Its merchant navy consists of 30,000 ships, manned by 270,000 sailors. Its sea-going tonnage amounts to eight and a half millions. It surpasses in steamers all other powers on the globe, and nearly equals their combined total in sailing vessels. Forty-nine per cent. of the carrying power of the world is under its flag. More than half the ship earnings from freights and passengers belong to it. Two-thirds of the tonnage annually built belongs to it. The banks of that empire transact one-third of the business of the entire world. Its manufactures comprise one-third of those of all Europe. It uses 30 per cent. of the horse-power of the world. Its enormous debt, which it uses as the most profitable investment of its own earnings, amounts to only nine per cent. of its wealth. It is the wealthiest state in the world, and its wealth has been made by its exports. Its name is Great Britain, and it abandoned, after a full and fair trial, the economic policy to which the United States fatuously clings. It sends its ships to every clime; it offers its wares in every port; it asks no tax on articles offered in exchange, and the cargoes its ships carry back to their wharves enrich it as much as those they had borne away.

Factory Act Enforced.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The employment of child labor is strictly regulated by the Factory Act, but the necessary restrictions are frequently violated. It lately came to the knowledge of the authorities that the proprietors of several brickyards near this city had in their employ numbers of boys and girls contrary to law. These children, many of them not yet in their teens, were doing very severe work. Bare-footed, bare-legged and scantily clad, frequently up to their knees in mud and water, they had to carry and pile bricks, working far beyond their strength. It frequently happened that these children dropped exhausted in their toil, only to be rudely recovered and forced by the foreman to go on with their work. There is a good deal of indignation at the *expose*, and several proprietors have been fined very heavily.

PIANOS.

We beg to inform the public that we have largely increased our stock of Pianos, and now have the largest and most complete assortment of instruments of any house in the province, manufactured by the best makers, which we are prepared to offer at bargains.

ORGANS.

We also keep on hand a large stock of Organs which we offer on favorable terms and at extremely low prices.

M. W. WAITT & CO.
Government street.

Sewers and Sanitation.

TO THE EDITOR:—I have already alluded to the fact that two large cities, Shanghai and Canton, have no sewers and no typhoid fever. If popular "scientific" ideas of hygiene are correct, these cities should be hot-beds of that disease. But alas! for Caucasian pride, Oriental nations are in advance of us in this and many other things.

Our own Mongolian quarters should have all manner of sicknesses on the same theory. But the facts very inconsiderately refuse to support our notions of hygiene. I take it, therefore, that these notions are false.

This opinion is confirmed by the "Japanese Health Report" 1876–7, made up after several years preparation on the European plan. This report gives the general mortality of that empire at 5.84 per thousand, and, making allowance for admitted "incompleteness," is extremely significant when we reflect that the mortality of London is in the neighborhood of 21 per thousand, and in some other portions of Europe twice as high. I presume there are no sewers in Japan.

Of course I do not attribute the superior health of the Orientals to the absence of sewers alone, for they have little knowledge of "scientific" medicine also, to which might be added other reasons.

I cannot go into this matter as fully in a newspaper article as to explain everything pertaining to this subject. But let us consider the sewer and typhoid fever; and as some of your readers have no faith in any statement unless a piece of red tape hangs to it, I quote the following from lectures by W. Caley, M. D., F. R. C. P., physician to the London Fever Hospital, etc.: "He points out our ignorance of the nature of the typhoid poison, * * * but that it is contained in the discharges of the patient, and that, thrown into the drains, cesspools, etc., it retains its activity or power of redevelopment for a long period * * * all the practical points of our knowledge or deductions."

Now, suppose we have a system of sewers branching into every house. It requires but a low grade of intellect to foresee the results. The power of typhoid would thus have a channel of egress to every domicile.

Mind you, the "dirt" is not the poison, but thus becomes the vehicle of the poison, and, excepting when aided by sewers, is not nearly so dangerous a vehicle as "pure" water, "sparkling and bright." As to washing or cleaning the sewers by "flushing," the "dirt" might thus be in a large measure removed, but not the typhoid poison.

The poisons of all infectious diseases defy alike the microscope, crucible and spectroscope. The pus of a smallpox pustule can be distinguished from pus from a common boil only by its effects. As to washing such things away, therefore, it is vain to hope for success. It is impossible.

The proper way to dispose of "dirt," which in itself is only a nuisance, is by the plan adopted by nature herself and copied by the Orientals, viz., to place it where nature's subtle alchemy will convert it into gold by recomposition; or if soil enough is wanting in Vancouver Island, dump it into the sea.

It is against my interests to point this out. It will be better for the doctors if isolation of infected households is rendered impossible by sewers.

E. STEVENSON, M. D.

The Mud, the Mud, the Beautiful Mud.

TO THE EDITOR:—I am sure you will be sorry to hear of the misfortune which happened to a young girl on account of the muddiness of the streets of Victoria. She intended, when she got out of the carriage, to land on Government street, and thought she must have made a mistake some way when she found herself in a mud-hole. Her dress brushed against the wheel, and that wheel had been through mud; not ordinary mud, but, alas! the mire which one finds in Government and Fort streets. The victim will have to buy a new dress, and she does hope the mayor and council won't let that be ruined too. Somebody advised her to sue for damages, but she is afraid the city fathers would be too many for her. She therefore calmly and politely begs them to reflect before they drive a promising citizeness to the verge of bankruptcy and despair; despair because one cannot cross the street very often it is so extravagant; bankruptcy, because one must sometimes do so. Of course, it is a good thing for the shoemakers. The person in question, however, is indifferent to the interests of the shoemakers. As she, "rashly incautious," "weary of walking," intrusted herself to a carriage without examining the wheels, and likewise neglected to send a load of gravel ahead, she concludes to sign herself

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

A Malicious Newspaper Exposed.

TO THE EDITOR:—With reference to an item in this morning's Standard, as follows, viz: "It is rumored that the C. P. N. Co. demanded the small sum of $1,000 to send the Enterprise up to tow down the disabled steamer Amelia from the south side of Cowichan wharf" I am instructed to flatly deny the statement that $1,000 was demanded by this company to send the steamer Enterprise to tow down the Amelia, and challenge the Standard to produce any proof in support of this misleading and malicious statement. I beg further to state that this company was not applied to in reference to towing the Amelia, but had they been asked, and had they had a steamer available for such a service, nothing more than a reasonable sum would have been named, and such were my instructions.

G. A. CARLETON,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 12, 1884.

An Omission Supplied.

TO THE EDITOR:—My attention has been called to an omison in your report of the meeting convened to consider the question of organizing a Y. M. C. Association which would place me in the position of being inattentive to my duty as chairman of that meeting as well as ungrateful for promised help in our work. The omission consisted in not stating that I informed the meeting that the Rev. Mr. Jenns was unable to attend, but that he had written a very kind letter to me conveying his warmest sympathy and an offer of assistance in any way in furthering our aims. Also, that Rev. Mr. Percival was unable to second the first resolution from the fact that he had an important engagement at Nanaimo for Monday evening last.

B. W. PEARSE.
Fernwood, 12th Nov., 1884.

REV. JOSEPH COOK will lecture on the "Failures of Unbelief" at Philharmonic Hall on Tuesday evening, 18th inst.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH

EXCLUSIVE DISPATCHES TO THE COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

Situation of the French in Tonquin Perilous.

Roman Prelates in Session at Baltimore.

Conflicting Rumors about the Fall of Khartoum.

March of the Cholera Scourge in France.

Canada Advised to Reciprocity with West Indies.

SCOTLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—At a meeting of the Crofters of the Isle of Skye held to day it was unanimously resolved to offer no resistance to the police, even though they made many arrests.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The government has issued a card stating that the deficiency in the estimates with reference to the cost of the Nile expedition army will require one million pounds more than previously estimated, and the navy £324,000 for the Bechuana expedition. The government estimates that £675,000 may be required by the army and £50,000 by the navy.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—At the Shrewsbury November meeting to-day the race for the Shrewsbury cup (handicap) was won by Springbok, Postscript second, Umpire third.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Times, in a leading editorial, urges the Canadian government to reduce the sugar imports from the West Indies, thereby opening the West Indies markets to its own products, corn, fish and timber, which will enable Canada to export as cheaply and largely as the United States, and would also enable Canada to compete with America in sugar refining and other manufactures by obtaining a cheap and plentiful supply of raw material. There is nothing to prevent mutually advantageous trade with the West Indies, and it rests with the Canadians themselves whether they will allow America the monopoly of the West Indian trade or not.

CANADA.

MONTREAL, Nov. 12.—Diphtheria is increasing to alarming extent, and typhoid prevails also. The doctors attribute the epidemic to defective city drainage.

CHINA.

HONGKONG, Nov. 12.—The Chinese are still blocking Kilung and the situation of the French in Tonquin is daily becoming more perilous. The outposts are subject to daily attacks, and there is great difficulty in procuring provisions in the territory between Hanoi and Sontar, and daily skirmishes take place. The health of the troops at Bacninh is bad and numbers of men are unfit for service.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—In the 18 hours ended at 6 o'clock to-night, there were 43 deaths from cholera in Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—(Midnight)—During the past 24 hours there have been 47 deaths in the city from cholera.

The tribunal has proclaimed the absolute dissolution of the marriage of Patti and Caux.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—People continue fearless, though the epidemic is spreading throughout the city. One warehouse on Monday sold 20,000 yards of red flannel which is supposed to be a preventative against cholera. Troops and police on night duty are allowed rum with their coffee.

EASTERN STATES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Washington monument to day reached a greater height than that of any structure in the world, being 520 feet 10 inches above the floor. The next highest structure in the world is the spire of Cologne Cathedral, which towers 515 feet above the floor. It will take 25 working days to complete the monument, so there is no doubt of its being finished in time for dedication on the 22nd of February.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The results of the complete official canvass are not yet received from Delaware, Franklin, Orange, Schuyler, Broome, Columbia, Green, Monroe and St. Lawrence counties. The canvass so far does not make any material change from figures already published.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 12.—The all-day celebration of the democrats of this city, in honor of the election of Cleveland and Hendricks, was the grandest affair of the kind ever seen here. The procession was immense. After the procession 5,000 people were fed at a barbecue. To-night the city is illuminated, and a very large torchlight procession is parading the streets. Speeches were made by Generals Rosecrans, Fitzlee, J. S. Barbour, R. T. Merrick and others.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—At the meeting of the plenary council to day several subjects to be considered were called up and placed in the hands of committees. It is expected that most committees will be ready to report Friday. It is understood the higher education of the clergy and of people, and of the marriage relation will be among the most important subjects to be disposed of. The only matters affecting the government of the Catholic Church in the United States will be considered. The attendance of delegates is full. This evening Bishop Gilmore of Cleveland preached on the "Necessity of Revelation." To-morrow the pontifical mass of requiem will be celebrated in the cathedral for the repose of the souls of the bishops who have died since the meeting of the second plenary council. Archbishop Allemany, of San Francisco, will be the celebrant and Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, will pronounce the eulogium.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 12.—A government dispatch from Khartoum says that Gen. Gordon frequently attacked Mahdi's forces, causing fearful havoc among them. The Mahdi ordered his troops not to kill Gen. Gordon, but to take him prisoner, and hold him as a hostage for the surrender of Arabi Bey.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Cairo to Reuter's telegram agency states fresh rumors are current there that Khartoum was captured by El Mahdi, and Gen. Gordon and his army massacred, the latter part of September.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Cairo correspondent of the Daily News states that Monoulides, a Greek merchant, has received advices from his partner, the Greek consul at Khartoum, that the city is safe.

ITALY.

VIENNA, Nov. 12.—The Political Gazette says Mr. Astor, United States minister at Rome, resigned his office directly he heard of the election of Cleveland.

Agricultural and Horticultural

Parsnips and salsify are better for freezing and thawing, not so with other roots.

Rabbits are repelled from trees by rubbing the trunks with blood, meat, or sprinkling them with blood.

Trees and fruit-bearing shrubs may be planted even as late as November if the weather continues mild.

Young trees planted this fall or last spring should have a steep mound of earth around the base to resist the weather and keep off mice.

Tomatoes may be cultivated and ripened during winter in pots under greenhouse cover. Sixty degrees is high enough temperature for them.

The Japanese reduce their manures to a liquid and are exceedingly careful about saving whatever will strengthen the crop and soil.

A simple way of making a barbed wire fence more visible is to suspend with rings or pieces of bent wire a light strip of wood painted any dark color.

A well known pomological writer says that there are 209 varieties of cherries, 60 of apricots, 239 of peaches, 1,087 of pears and 297 of plums.

The skeletons of 80,000 buffaloes have been shipped from Dakota this year to be ground into fertilizers for the older fields. The bones are worth $8 per ton at the shipping station.

Plants out of doors all summer required a gradual change to confined air and heated rooms. Fight insects from the start. Watch for the green fly, the red spider and the mealy bug.

With Blood if Necessary.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Partisan papers still have editorials calculated to foment a riot. The Irish-American independents met yesterday, when addresses were made declaring their belief in Blaine's election, and their determination to aid in seating him in the White House with their blood, if necessary. Nearly all of the speakers declared that Rev. Burchard's sentiments of "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" had harmed the republicans to a great extent.

REV. MR. TALMAGE thus raves at the lies and the liars of the Presidential campaign pretty much as "he used to rave:" "Lies large and small; lies domestic and lies public and lies prurient; long-limbed lies and lies of double-back action; lies cut bias and lies diagonal; lies smart and lies stupid; lies that some believe and lies that all believe and lies that nobody believes; lies complimentary and defamatory; lies with humps like camels and scales like crocodiles and necks long as storks and legs swift as antelope and sting sharp as adders; secular lies and religious lies; lies raw and scolloped and panned and stewed; lies with attachment screw and belt-coupling and ruffler and braider and ready-wound bobbins; lies by Christians who tell the truth, except just before election; lies by people who always lie, but surpass themselves in a presidential campaign."

Jewelry Manufactory.

Having engaged additional competent assistance, we can furnish our customers at short notice with all kinds of work in the jewelry line of the most fashionable design and style. Diamonds sets, and Masonic jewelry a specialty. First-class ornamental engraving, chasing and designing. Orders are solicited. G. W. LANGE & SON.
*dw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KWONG LEE & CO ---A CARD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLONIST:—SIR,—In your issue of the 11th inst., you give what purports to be an account of a meeting of Chinese merchants to consider the points at variance between myself and Loo Chew Fan. The facts have been incorrectly stated. My brother, Loo Chew Fan, desires to take possession of the property of my firm, of which I am the sole owner. I don't see, when the matters in dispute are in litigation, that it is anybody's business to interfere. I have been carrying on business here since 1858, and if I am wrong in the views I hold it is not a meeting got up by interested persons that is likely to set me right.

Yours faithfully,
LOO CHUCK FAN.
Victoria, Nov. 12th, 1884. no13 1w

REV. JOSEPH COOK,

OF BOSTON,
WILL DELIVER
A LECTURE
ON
"The Failures of Unbelief,"
At PHILHARMONIC HALL,
ON TUESDAY, 18TH INST., AT 7.30 P. M.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR; to be had of any of the Book stores.

Plan of Hall at J. B. Ferguson & Co.'s Store. This will, without doubt, be the grandest intellectual treat ever offered to a Victoria audience.

☞ SECURE SEATS EARLY. no13

THE COLONIST ANNUAL FOR 1885

A BEAUTIFUL WORK OF ART, HIGHLY EMBELLISHED AND ILLUSTRATED,

For FREE DISTRIBUTION

Will be issued on or about the 10th of December, for the Holiday Season.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF ADVERTISEMENTS

WILL BE ADMITTED

If early application is made to the Publisher at

THE COLONIST OFFICE,
no13 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

GOOD EMPTY CASKS SUITABLE FOR PACKing winter apples; also empty packing boxes.

CHARLES GABRIEL & CO.,
no12tf Next to Redfern's.

A. VIPOND,

LOCKSMITH AND MACHINIST,

HAS REMOVED TO MOODY'S BUILDING, Broad street, and is prepared to do all kinds of REPAIRS AT SHORT NOTICE.
no12 1m

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,

JOHNSON ST., NEAR WHARF,
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FURS AND DEER SKINS.
a12j3m

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

WHOLE AND SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE received up to THURSDAY, November 20th, at 12 m., for the completion of two two-story residences on Birdcage Walk, James Bay.

We reserve the right to reject any and all tenders.

S. C. BURRIS, Architect,
no12 Cor. Yates and Broad Sts. (Upstairs)

VICTORIA THEATRE COMP'Y

(LIMITED.)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED UNTIL THE 10TH OF December next, for the erection and completion of a brick Theatre and Stores for the above Company, on the ground adjoining the Driard House.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned, in *The Colonist* Building, on and after Monday, 17th inst.

By order. JOHN J. AUSTIN,
Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., 10th Nov., 1884. no11

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILW'Y

TENDERS FOR NINE WATER TANKS

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Water Tanks," will be received until NOON

On Friday, 14th Nov., 1884,

From persons wishing to furnish and erect Nine Water Tanks along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway,

BETWEEN EMORY'S BAR AND SAVONA'S FERRY, IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Plans and Specifications may be seen and Forms of Tender obtained at the office of the undersigned in Victoria, Vancouver Island, and also at the office of the Engineer-in-Charge at Drynoch, near Spence's Bridge, on and after the 28th instant

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender.

This deposit may consist of cash or an accepted bank cheque, and it will be forfeited if the party tendering neglects or refuses to enter into a contract which called upon to do so; or if after entering into the contract he fails to complete the work satisfactorily according to the plans and specifications.

If the tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

The department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH,
Dominion Gov't Agent.

Office of the Dom. Gov't Agent,
Victoria, B.C., 23rd Oct., 1884. oc24

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR STATION BUILDINGS

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Combined Passenger and Freight Buildings," will be received until Noon on

The 19th November, 1884,

From persons wishing to Furnish and Erect

Three Combined Passenger and Freight Buildings

Along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia,

BETWEEN EMORY BAR AND SAVONA FERRY,

At North Bend, at Chinaman's Ranch, opposite 93-Mile Post, on Waggoa Road, and at Pennie's Ranch.

Plans and Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the undersigned in Victoria, Vancouver Island, and also at the office of the Engineer in charge at Drynoch, near Spence Bridge, on and after Saturday, 8th November instant.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender. This deposit may consist of cash, or of an accepted bank cheque, and it will be forfeited if the party tendering neglects or refuses to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if after entering into the contract he fails to complete the work satisfactorily according to the plan and specification.

If the tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH,
Dom. Government Agent.

Office Dom. Govt. Agent,
Victoria, B.C., 3rd Nov., 1884. no5

"AT LAST."

OUR PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO

IS COMPLETE AND WILL BE

OPEN FOR BUSINESS MONDAY, NOV. 9.

We hope by turning out none but thoroughly first-class work to merit a share of the patronage of the citizens of Victoria and vicinity.

References:—Our Work, which is now on view, or any person from Winnipeg.

HALL & LOWE,
Government St., over Victoria House,
no8 and 499 Main St., Winnipeg.

B. C. PIONEER SOC'TY

Annual Dinner

AT THE

PACIFIC TELEGRAPH HOTEL.

ON

Saturday Even'g, December 6th

AT 7:30 O'CLOCK.

TICKETS $2 50, which can be obtained from members of the Society.

By order.
no12 W. C. SIFFKEN, Secty.

BAZAAR!

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR IN AID OF THE

ORPHANS OF ST. ANN'S CONVENT

Will be held in the Pavilion

On the 12th and 13th Nov.

ADMISSION 25 cents; Children, half-price. Donations may be sent to St. Ann's Convent.
Victoria, Oct. 28th, 1884. oc30

PHILHARMONIC CIRCULATING LIBRARY AND READING ROOM,

FORT STREET.

700 NEW VOLUMES JUST RECEIVED, MAKing a total of upwards of 5,000 volumes.

TERMS, $1 PER MONTH OR $5 FOR 6 MOS
oc23 1m

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. ASH

HAVING RETURNED FROM ENGLAND HAS resumed the practise of his profession. oc29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAPANESE BAZAR

OUR MR. CHARLES GABRIEL HAS JUST RETURNED FROM JAPAN, and will shortly open a choice selection of useful articles of Household Goods collected especially for this market.

THE LACQUERED WARE DEPARTMENT

Will consist of Lacquered Cabinets, Work Boxes, Toilet Boxes, Trays, Bowls, Card Boxes, Glove Boxes Pen Racks, Photo. Frames, Shelves, Corner Brackets, Albums, Writing Desks, Bread Baskets, Handkerchief Boxes, Knife Trays, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Watch Boxes, Round Tables, Card Tables, Pencil Holders, etc

An assortment of TORTOISE SHELL WORK consisting of Trays, Glove Boxes, Handkf Boxes, Paper Knives, Napkin Rings, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Envelope Boxes, Puff Boxes, Cigar Spills, etc.

CROCKERY AND PORCELAIN DEPARTMENT.

Will consist of Vases of all sizes, Tea Jars, Bowls, Plates, Bowls and Stands, Tea Sets for 3 and 6 persons, Teapots, etc.

AWATA WARES consist of Vases of all sizes, Tea Sets for any number of persons, Teapots, Water Jugs, Pails, Garden Vases of all sizes, Candlesticks, Flowerpots, Tea Jars, Butter Dishes, Salt Cellars, Tea and Coffee Cups and Saucers, Plates, etc., etc.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Will consist of Ladies' and Gents' Plain and Embroidered Silk Dressing Gowns, Gents' Plain and Emb. Silk Jackets, Ladies' and Gent's Imit'n Silk Dressing Gowns, Emb'dOpera Cloaks, Emb'd Lining Silk, Striped Silk, Corded Silk, Ladies' Crape Shawls, Gent's and Ladies' Silk Handkfs, Ladies' Crape Neck Handkerchiefs Crape Scarves, Gent's Plain and Embroidered Caps, Gent's Silk Neckties, Gent's Silk Cigar and Card Cases, Ladies' Silk Glove and Hdkf Cases, Crape Photo Frames, Silk Powder Boxes, Embroidery Silk (asst. colors), White Silk, Silk Cord and Tassels, Embroidered Silk Bed Quilts, Silk Emb'd Tea Cosies, Emb'd Sofa Cushions Emb'd Pin Cushions, Ladies' Silk Emb'd Sewing Bags, Silk Kakimonos, Silk Umbrellas, Silk Lanterns, Satin Emb'd Sofa Cushions.

JEWELLERY.

Gold Sleeve Buttons, Gold Sets of Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Gold Scarf Pins, Gold Lockets, Gold Scarf Rings, Gold Earrings, Gold Crosses, Gold and Silver Bracelets, Ivory Charms, Ivory Sleeve Buttons, Ivory Paper Knives, Watch Chains, Gold Rings and Brooches.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ladies' Work Baskets, Luncheon Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Scrap Baskets, Bamboo Plate Mats, Sword Blue and White Undershirts, Morocco Leather Pocket Books, an assortment of Fans in all sizes, Paper Screen Gold Embroidered Screens, Satin Embroidered Screens, Wall Paper of every description, Note Paper, Toothpicks, Tooth Powder, Imitation Leather Cigarette Cases, Imt. Leather Pocket Books, Paper Lanterns, Gent's Walking Sticks, Bamboo Canes, Carriage Whips, Palm Broom Sink Brushes, Leather Dusters, Willow Baskets, Masks, Cast Iron Pans, Bronze Vases and Ornaments Cotton Rugs and Druggtts, Feathered Birds, Earthen Foxes and Figures, Copper Tea Kettles, Compass for Watch, Cotton and Gingham Dressing Gown for Gents and Ladies, an assortment of Photos and Views, Bamboo Stove Screens, Best Japan Green Tea, &c.

oc19 CHARLES GABRIEL & CO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS

AT THE

QUEEN BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE EAST A FINE AND large assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description, and are selling them at prices never before known in British Columbia.

WE ALSO OFFER OUR OWN MAKE OF BOOTS & SHOES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

Rubber Goods---Gents' and Boys' Gum Boots a Specialty.

QUEEN BOOT & SHOE HOUSE,
oc28 3m N.W. Cor. of Yates and Government Sts.

ST. MATTHEW'S HALL,

SAN MATEO, CAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1866.

Situated on the Line of the Southern Pacific R.R., 21 miles from San Francisco.

A CHURCH SCHOOL FOR BOYS, UNDER MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

Extensive Buildings heated by steam, with all modern improvements, Bath Rooms, Steam Laundry, etc. The Grounds are highly cultivated, with beautiful Lawns, Flower Beds and Walks.

☞ A corps of FOURTEEN INSTRUCTORS of reputation and ability. ☜

REFERENCE in Victoria, by permission: EDGAR MARVIN and E. G. TILTON; also JNO. R. ONDERDONK, Spence Bridge, B. C.

Apply to ALFRED LEE BREWER,
se23tf Rector and Principal.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

CARRYING H. M. MAILS AND W. F. & CO.'S EXPRESS AND NORTHERN PACIFIC EXPRESS.

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP Co.'s steamer

MEXICO,

CAPT. HUNTINGTON,

Will sail from the VICTORIA WHARF, outer harbor, for San Francisco, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH, AT NOON.

Intending shippers are requested to make arrangements for freight as early as possible so that room may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by her is requested to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, 15th Nov.

For Freight and Passage apply to
no11 WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

THE STAUNCH IRON SCREW STEAMER

"SARDONYX,"

CLASS A1 AT LLOYDS,

Will leave for the above port direct from Spratt's wharf

ON SATURDAY, 22ND INSTANT.

For rates of Freight and Passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
Or to HENRY SAUNDERS,
no7 Johnson street.

ALASKA STEAMER.

NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT THE SAILING DATE of the P. C. S. S. Co.'s steamer for Alaska during the winter months will be the 25th of each month

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Agents.
Victoria, B C., 21st Oct., 1884. oc21

HIDES AND CALFSKINS.

Highest Market Rates Paid for the Above.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
PROMPT RETURNS RENDERED.

W. HEATHORN,

VICTORIA BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY AND ROC BAY TANNERY. oc24

DR. JOHN S. M'GUIRE, M.D.,

RESIDENT

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CLINTON, B. C.

HIS GREAT REMEDY FOR

Consumption in its First and Second Stages.

DR. McGUIRE WILL AGREE TO CURE CONsumption in its first or second stages, under his advice and treatment. No fee required if a perfect cure is not obtained. Dr. McGuire treats all diseases of the lungs without Cod Liver Oil, Fellows Syrup of Hypophosphites or any other medicines advertised for Lung Disease.

The Doctor has made this disease his specialty fo the last fifteen years. Thorough examination and advice, $15. Those who cannot visit Dr McGuire a Clinton, B.C., should send a full and minute statement of their trouble with $25, and in return a full course of medicine will be forwarded. There are good, comfortable hotels at Clinton for patients coming, the climate is the finest in the world, and the Doctor recommends those suffering from Diseases of the Lungs to come to Clinton for a short time.

se7dwly

ESTATE OF WILLIAM REID, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of the above deceased, or who have any of his effects, that they are required to make payment or delivery of the same, as the case may be, to the undersigned administrator of the estate, or his solicitors, to whom also all claims against the estate are to be forwarded.

Dated Nov. 1st, 1884. JOHN IRVINE,
Administrator.
Or DAVIE & WILSON,
no2 1m. Solicitors.

WANTED.

WANTED

BY A MAN OF EXCEPTIONAL EXPERIENCE in constructing and running the most modern Sawmill Machinery, a position as Foreman or Millwright. Reference as to experience and ability from the leading lumber men of the Dominion. Address "MILLWRIGHT," this office oc31 6t

WANTED

TWO FIRST-CLASS WAITERS AT THE ORIental Hotel.
oc29tf WM. McKEON, Proprietor.

WANTED

A GOOD, RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GENERAL servant, one willing to do the family washing. Wages, $25 per month. Apply to

MRS. LOAT,
oc26 2w Departure Bay, near Nanaimo.

WANTED

A WOMAN TO COOK, WASH AND IRON—None but thoroughly competent persons need apply. Address "H.," this office. oc21

CITY OF VICTORIA

MUNICIPAL

REAL ESTATE TAX

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL REAL ESTATE TAX REMAINING UNPAID ON AND AFTER THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1884 WILL BEAR AND BE CHARGEABLE WITH INTEREST AT THE RATE OF ONE PER CENT. PER MONTH UNTIL PAID.

BY ORDER OF THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL.

THOS. RUSSELL,
Assessor and Collector.
Victoria, B. C., 31st Oct., 1884. no1

MONEY TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

ALLSOP & MASON,
nh 1 Government street.

WELLINGTON COAL.

W. T. DRAKE,

COAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

OFFICE—FOOT OF YATES STREET.

N.B.—Freeand Bonded Storage. Telephone 23

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of GEORGE PLATZ, Deceased.

ANY PERSON HAVING A CLAIM AGAINST the estate of the said deceased is required to forward the same, on or before the 1st day of December next; and all persons who are indebted to the said estate are required to pay the amounts due forthwith to

GEO. STEITZ,
Yates street, Victoria.
Dated Victoria, 25th Oct., 1884. oc26

BUTTER! BUTTER!

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE A SMALL lot of Extra Choice Eastern Township Butter in Small Tubs. Also, CREAM CHEESE.

oc30dw1m **J. H. TODD & SON.**

MARYFIELD COTTAGE.

A DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

oc11 3m MRS. DONALD FRASER, Principal.

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER,

COMMISSION AND REAL ESTATE

AGENT AND BROKER.

AUCTION ROOMS—Corner of Fort and Langle streets. au24 1m

Daily Colonist.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 13TH, 1884.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED

Nov. 12—Str Geo. E. Starr, Pt Townsend
Str Teaser, New Westminster

CLEARED.

Nov. 12—Str Geo. E. Starr, Pt Townsend
Str Western Slope, New Westminster
Str Teaser, New Westminster

PASSENGERS.

Per str GEO. E. STARR, fm Puget Sound—H T Currie, W McLeod, T Bushel, T Crowsle, J Monier, T J Lindsay, W B rry, J N Mullin, J McCulloch, C E Blackburn, Mrs Pearse, Miss Kent, A McKenzie, A J Clark, J T Overman, H Winzel, R Joseffy, H Wolfson, J P Malone, Jennie Williamson, Katie Wilson, E C Whitney, J Murray, E Weisenbeck, D H Hayals, T Sullivan.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str GEO. E. STARR, from Puget Sound—R W Janion, H Saunders, W R & Co, H B Co, R Baker & Son, D Leneveu, Huson & Moss, S Leiser, T Earle, C Strouss, J Williams, J Brink.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

W. R. CLARKE & CO. will sell at 12 o'clock, at salesrooms, the Sloop Keturah.

Letters Detained for Postage at Victoria P. O.

NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

A. Boyd, Bay Horse, Idaho
Mrs. M. Cosgrove, Covington, Ky.
F. W. Curtis, Montesano, W.T.
Mrs. G. J. Carey, Lindsay, Ont.
S. M. Hamlet, Seattle
Hill & Co., Augusta, Me.
Peter Peterson, Hanford, Cal.
W. W. Rhodes, Topeka, Kansas
W. D. Scott, Seattle
D. Sheehan, City
Sam Lee, Lincoln, Neb.
Mrs. S. Scully, East Portland, O.
Mr. S. Staples, (Swiftsure) Esquimalt
L. Smith, Pt. Discovery, W.T.
S. F. Wilson, Toronto
Mr. Warner, (Swiftsure) Esquimalt

THE GRAVING DOCK.

Finally Let to Substantial Men.

On Tuesday Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare, M. P., telegraphed to Sir Hector Langevin asking for the names of the new drydock contractors. Yesterday the Minister of Public Works replied as follows:

OTTAWA, 12th Nov.

Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare:—The graving dock contract has been signed by Larkin, Connolly & Murphy, contractors, who are closing their Quebec dock works for the season, when they will start for Victoria. H. L. LANGEVIN.

NEW WESTMINSTER ASSIZES.

Rogers Committed for Trial at Victoria.

(Special to the Colonist.)

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 12.

The assizes opened here at eleven today, Judge McCreight presiding, when the case of the Queen vs. Rogers, for murder, was brought up.

Mr. McColl, for prisoner, asked that it be postponed until the spring, claiming that, owing to the strong feeling against the prisoner, he would not receive an impartial hearing. Failing this delay, that the case be tried at Victoria or Nanaimo.

Judge McCreight reserved his decision until this evening, when leave was granted to have the case tried at Victoria

There were only two other cases in court, which were speedily tried, and the assizes closed this evening.

A heavy fog has prevailed on the river since yesterday morning. Weather mild

A Booming Story Disposed of.

The Canadian Gazette of late date thus disposes of the latest "booming" yarn which affected to state the reason of Sir John Macdonald's present visit to England.

Sir John Macdonald arrived in London on Thursday last. As to the object of his visit, we are in a position to state that the rumors that the Canadian premier will solicit an Imperial subsidy for any line of steamers which may be established, in connection with the Canadian Pacific railway, between British Columbia, China and Japan, are wholly unfounded. There is, consequently, no ground whatever for the criticisms of the action of the Dominion government in this respect which have already been insinuated or threatened.

Marine.

Bark Estrella de Chile has dropped back to Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf.

The steamer Alexander left yesterday with the bark Niphon in tow, to load coal at Nanaimo.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—Arrived—State of California, 85 hours from Portland; steamer Geo. W. Elder, Ackley, 87 hours from Victoria, etc.

Sailed—Bktne Tam O'Shanter, Columbia river.

Personal.

Mr. R. H. McMillan is out again.

Sister Hannah, matron of the Good Samaritan Hospital, Portland, has resigned her position, and come to British Columbia, to obtain a rest. This lady is a sister to Messrs. William and John Dalby, of this city.

K.

B.

"THE PRINCESSE."—An 8-button tan colored Kid Glove, with black, seef or mixed silk points, price $1 25 per pair. We invite a trial of this remarkable glove; also, of an especially cheap black French Glove, 4 fasteners, at $1 per pair.

WM. WILSON & CO.,
2w City House.

THE lecture of Rev. Joseph Cook, on "The Religious Signs of the Times," drew a large audience on Wednesday evening. For two hours and ten minutes he held his audience spell-bound; and, had he spoken thrice as long, none would have become weary of listening. His peer never appeared before a Bridgeton audience. — *New Jersey Patriot* (Bridgeton, N. J.) Dec. 22, 1882.

THE Times' revised report of the provincial secretary's speech does not mend matters for the Times. We cannot believe, unless Mr. Robson tells us so himself, that he used the extravagant language attributed to him.

A NICE STATE OF AFFAIRS!

City Officials on the Rampage.

A Prisoner Rescued—An Officer Assaulted — Assistance Refused.

We have to chronicle this morning the particulars of an affair which is probably without parallel in the history of any police or municipal force on the continent. About 2 a. m. yesterday morning Officer Redgrave, in the course of his round, reached Frank Campbell's corner and stopped to read one of his famous bulletins. Just at this moment a crowd of half-a-dozen men came along. One of the number, a prominent city official, made some offensive remark to the officer, who told him to move on with the crowd. The official refused and commenced abusing the police officer with some hard names, and defying him to make an arrest. At this the officer took hold of the individual, when the latter lifted his cane and struck him several times over the head and face. A tussle then ensued and the officer called on a by-stander to assist him, when each took an arm of the prisoner and marched him rapidly towards the barracks. The crowd, seeing the turn things had taken, rushed after the three and reached them at the corner of Bastion street, where after a struggle, they rescued the prisoner, and after threats marched their man towards Johnson street. The officer and special followed them, and at the Pritchard House encountered Officer Shepard and Nightwatchman Lindsay, whom Redgrave called to help him arrest the crowd. These officers refused point-blank to render any assistance, and as a consequence the parties all succeeded in getting away. A wordy war then commenced between the officers and accusations made by each against the other which, if true, would brand some members of our police force as the most corrupt that ever existed. These are the facts of what occurred on the main thoroughfare of Victoria at an early hour yesterday morning, and for which ample proof is forthcoming, they being furnished us by a spectator.

Another version of the affair was heard from a different source, which is that the officer jostled his assailant and pushed him off the sidewalk, and in attempting to arrest him he was struck over the head. Calling aid, he got his prisoner as far as Bastion street corner, where the prisoner's friends met them and took him away from the officer. During the row the officer is said to have drawn his revolver; and it is also stated that he was under the influence of liquor. Meeting Officers Shepherd and Lindsay, and asking aid to arrest the crowd in the Queen's name, he was told to "go to h—l, and the Queen too." Of course there are two sides to every affair and we give both so far as we have learned. Either way, the whole thing has an ugly look and shows an utter diregard for the law in the first place by those who have the carrying out of the same; and in the other there is shown an amount of corruption in the police as should demand instant investigation. If the police force is composed of such stuff as either version of the affair would imply then by all means let it be remodeled and reliable men placed on it.

THE BAZAAR IN AID OF THE ORPHANS.

A Brilliant Spectacle.

At 12 o'clock noon yesterday the bazaar in aid of the orphans of St. Ann's Convent, was held in Pavilion Hall. The hall was decorated in a manner that called forth the admiration of all who entered the building. Many beautiful as well as useful articles are laid upon the various tables, and a large number were sold or raffled yesterday. At the north end of the rink a large screen is placed, and behind this is the refreshment department, which is under the supervision of Mrs. Geiger and Mrs. Madigan, who are assisted by Mrs. Walther and Mrs. Bently. A large number took luncheon and supper. Among the articles for sale and raffle are a beautiful arm-chair covered with damask and finished with elaborate crimson satin, a handsome hand-painted fire-screen, set in a large gilt frame, an easy-chair covered with cardinal satin, an ottoman in plush and crimson satin, a magnificent hand-painted fire-screen, which Mrs. Lubbe made and kindly presented, and a five o'clock tea-table made by the skilful hands of Mrs. E. G. Tilton. This table is hand-painted, covered with old gold satin and trimmed with cardinal velvet. Want of space will not permit the naming of all the lovely articles on sale. We would recommend our readers to go and see for themselves to-day and this evening and they will enjoy the beautiful sight. Mrs. Burns, under whose management the bazaar is, has done all in her power to make it a success. Nor has she failed as the proceeds of yesterday will show. Mrs. Burnes is assisted by the following ladies: Mrs. Gabriel, Mrs Nicholson, Mrs. Kinsella, Mrs. L. G. McQuade, Mrs. Fletcher, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Van Volkenburgh, Mrs. Beckingham, Miss Petrie, Miss McDowell, Miss Raphody and other ladies. Appended are the names of the ladies who have the stalls:

Fancy Work—Mrs. Gabriel, Mrs. Beckingham, Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Van Volkenburgh, Mrs. Kinsella, etc.

Toy Table—Mrs. Fletcher and Mrs. Kinsella, assisted by Mrs Keast.

Candy Stand—Miss Petrie and Miss Cameron.

Wheel of fortune—Mrs. L. G. McQuade.

Soda Water Fountain—(Kindly loaned for the occasion by Mr. Alex. Phillips)—Miss Madigan and Miss Annie Cameron.

Post Office—Miss Grace McNiffe and Miss Clara Cameron.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The lines of this great corporation are being extended so as to embrace sections of the country not heretofore covered by any railway. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul is the shortest and principal connection between St. Paul and all points east. Its passenger and freight accommodations are unrivalled, and persons and articles entrusted to their care have quick dispatch at the lowest rates. The country through which the company's lines run is noted for its fine scenery, a circumstance which has made the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul the favorite with tourists, as well as business travelers. Mr. Robt. Irving has been appointed at Victoria to sell tickets and give information concerning the line.

ILLUSTRATED
ILLUSTRATED
ILLUSTRATED

BRITISH
BRITISH
BRITISH

COLUMBIA.
COLUMBIA.
COLUMBIA.

THE steamer Teaser sailed for Nanaimo yesterday with the Amelia's freight and mails.

What Some People Say.

That Sullivan and Laflin fought with hard gloves at New York on Tuesday. Laflin hung on Sullivan's neck in a state of abject fear until he was removed by the police, and Sullivan declared the winner.

That the average cowboy paints the town red; but the Times paints it black.

That Blaine's health is suffering in consequence of his defeat; but the public health is improved.

That a "Convicts' Tavern" will soon be opened in Paris as a rival in eccentricity to the mediæval and Japanese restaurants lately introduced. The café is to be fitted up after the style of the hulks, and the waiters will wear convict dress.

That a full line of Burk & Packard's fine shoes will be found at GEO H. MAYNARD'S, sole agent for Victoria.

That Lett's Diaries are at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

That a scientist has discovered that a mosquito makes his wings go at the rate of 2,000 strokes per second. Now, if somebody will observe how many strokes the scientist makes during the investigation, we shall have some data for determining which is the liveliest insect.—*Burlington Free Press.*

That the true Paris dude now carries a cane, in the top of which is a watch and a cigarette holder. It costs a trifle of 1,250 francs.

That a fine of a shilling each was imposed upon two London newsboys for offering their papers for sale to people going to church on Sunday morning.

That 'Atlantis the Antediluvian World' and 'Ragnarock,' by Donnelly, are for sale at T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

That at the City House may be found the largest and newest assortment of ladies', Misses' and children's trimmed and untrimmed hats and bonnets, feathers, birds' wings, flowers, millinery ornaments and trimmings to be found in the city.

That the number of visitors who attended the Health Exposition at London, which closed October 30th, was 4,167,681.

That this is Chinese strategy: Artillery officer (to Mandarin)—"My Lord, the French ships are approaching." Mandarin—"Fire a cannon at them." But they are still so far off that the ball will only go half way." "Then fire two cannon at them."

That in the twenty years ending in 1883 the lottery players of Italy turned into the royal treasury $275,000,000. Count Cavour called the lottery "the tax on fools."

That Sheet Music at half price at HIBBEN & Co.'s.

That you should see the West End suit at the I. X. L.

That an unmarried lady of Boston originates the proposal that single ladies hereafter be called "bacheletts."

That the British Medical Journal reports a well authenticated case of a canary catching the scarlet fever and dying.

That among the last victims of cholera at Naples was an old woman aged 103 years.

That Freemasonry, the world over, embraces 14,160,543 members

That the wife of George McCreary, of the Hudson River Knitting Mills, at Waterford, N. Y., presented him with four children at a birth on Sunday. They are all girls and weighed seven pounds apiece.

That a furnished or unfurnished twelve roomed house, with nice garden and orchard is to let in the pleasantest part of the city, ten minutes' walk from the postoffice. For particulars apply at this office.

That those wishing their names in large type in the B. C. Directory 1884 5 must subscribe before the 15th Nov. next.

That the British government will, immediately on the meeting of parliament, introduce a bill creating a secretary for Scotland. The Earl of Dalhousie will be the first. Both the Earl of Rosebery and the Earl of Fife declined the office during Mr. Gladstone's recent visit to Scotland.

That the Duke of Wellington was once in great danger of being drowned at sea. It was bedtime when the captain of the vessel came to him and said: "It will soon be all over with us." "Very well," answered the Duke, "then I shall not take off my boots."

That it is asserted that about a third of the banking done in the world is done in the British empire.

That it is an acknowledged fact, the finest Wines, Brandies and Scotch Whiskies at Boyd's.

That the WHITE HOUSE will have on view to-day an immense assortment of new season Millinery, Feathers, Flowers, &c.

That Prince Crosby, supposed to be more than 104 years of age, died recently at Fishkill, Conn. He was formerly the slave of Enoch Crosby, who figured as Harvey Birch in Cooper's novel, "The Spy."

That "John," said an angry employer, "I am very sorry to see you in this state again. I cannot stand it, and I won't. You must keep sober or find another place." "It's all the fault of the N. P., sir," replied John. "If it wasn't for the N. P. I wouldn't get drunk." "The N. P.! What has the N P. to do with it?" "Why, sir, before the N. P. I hadn't money enough to get drunk on."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

That the order of nature, according to "Burke's Peerage," has been reversed in the Gladstone family. Instead of Mr. W. E. Gladstone being the brother of his titled relative, Sir Thomas Gladstone, Sir Thomas is Mr. William's brother. As a still further evidence of the degeneracy of the age, probably very few people, in this country at least, are aware that Mr. Gladstone has a brother of any kind. Sir Thomas has recently been asserting his individuality by writing a letter belittling the franchise agitation.

That at the late exhibition CHARLES BALL was awarded the FIRT PRIZE for the best assortment of wagons in British Columbia. dw *

That an exceptionally cheap line of Misses' and children's mantles, 21 to 39 inches long, commencing at 87½c. each, is being offered at the City House.

That the corporation of the city of Dublin have decided to change the name of Sackville street to O'Connell street. The tradespeople on the street are greatly irritated at the change.

That two carriages nearly collided on the Esquimalt road on Tuesday night while being driven without lamps.

That one election bet will make every one happy. If Cleveland is elected she will marry him; if Blaine is elected he will marry her. It is a sure thing either way.

That the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans will open on the 1st of December, 1884, and close on May 31, 1885.

Municipal Council.

The usual meeting of the city council was held last evening. Present—His Worship the Mayor, in the chair, Couns. Wriglesworth, Vigelius, Porter, Jno. Robertson, Gowen, W. A. Robertson and Boyd.

PRIVILEGE.

Coun. Wriglesworth wished, before regular business, to rise to a question of privilege. He said he wished to refer to the remarks of Hon. John Robson, the other evening. In moving a resolution at the Y. M. C. A. meeting, he made a statement most damaging to Victoria. He was fully satisfied that half the speech had not been reported. He then read an extract from the Times in reference to that speech, and thought the remarks were too strong for this city. It was a disgrace to this city for such a statement to be made. He then set forth the falsity of the remarks made by the provincial secretary. There was not a city on the face of the earth as well conducted as Victoria. He concluded with a reference to tar and feathers and a rail with a man at each end. He would move the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The provincial secretary at a public meeting, called for the ostensible purpose of forming a branch of the Y. M. C. A. of America, in this city, did make an unwarrantable attack on the mayor and council, the police force and the citizens of Victoria, which, if allowed to go to the world as the utterances of a sane man, occupying the position he does, will injure the reputation of this city.

Be it therefore Resolved, That this council, on behalf of the city of Victoria, pronounce the intemperate utterances of the provincial secretary at the public meeting on Monday evening to be false, malicious and entirely without foundation, and evidently intended to injure the mayor and councillors and the citizens of Victoria, for political purposes.

Coun Gowen, in seconding the resolution said he did so in defence of the city. He would like to know who John Robson is? He was prepared to offer $500 if Mr. Robson could show as clear a record as his (Coun. Gowen's.) His family had never been insulted, although they had been on the streets at all hours. He hoped the certificate would be forthcoming.

Coun. W. A. Robertson said a gentleman had come to Victoria and had been refused the use of the City Hall to lecture. He was surprised the other evening when he saw the hall lit up for the purpose of a religious meeting. That was the first mistake. He (Coun. Robertson) had in early days given one of the speakers on that occasion the *sobriquet* of "Honest John." He then made a lengthy attack on Mr. Robson criticizing several political matters. He also made an allusion to "snobocracy" and church societies. It was well-known that gambling was carried on in all parts of the province, and why had nothing been done to suppress it in other places than in Victoria. He had never heard of a decent woman being insulted in this city, although he had lived here over twenty years, and he did not believe anything of the kind had ever occurred

Coun. Boyd said he would confine himself to the resolution. He had been in the province twenty one years and had never seen a woman insulted in the streets of Victoria or at Beacon Hill. The women were always given the first place at the postoffice.

Coun. Vigelius would simply say he was not present at the meeting, but he thought the remarks complained of were altogether uncalled for There was not a place more orderly than Victoria.

Coun Jno. Robertson said he must concur in what the other councillors had said.

Coun. Porter thought a big gun had been fired He would only say he had never heard of any insults being offered to ladies in this city.

His Worship thoroughly agreed with the remarks the council had just made. No such strictures as those at which the council had taken umbrage should have been made without proof being given. In future he would know what language was going to be used before he would let the hall for any purpose. The police records would bear him out when he said that a lady had never been insulted in Victoria. For industry and good conduct Victorians would compare favorably with any other people. He was glad the resolution had been brought forward, as it was common justice. Like all others, he thought he himself was open to abuse, but having a thick skin, he did not pay much attention to it.

The resolution was then put and carried unanimously.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Admiral Lyons, acknowledging receipt of vote of thanks from the council.

From residents of Michigan street, asking that the sidewalk be laid where excavations had been made.

Communication laid on the table.

From B. Wrede, requesting that the sidewalk on Yates street be repaired.

Referred to street committee.

From John Teague, on behalf of T. Allsop and others, asking that the gutter line be given near the new building on Yates street.

Coun. Boyd said he thought the request should not be granted, as it was intended to empty out a cesspool. It was one way of breaking the by-law concerning earth closets.

Coun. Vigelius said permission had been given others and it was not right to make fish of one and flesh of another.

Coun. Gowen—"Two wrongs won't make a right."

Coun. Boyd said complaints were made daily and the superintendent of police should carry out the by-laws in their integrity. It was not justice to citizens to let one do as he pleased and compel others to comply with the law.

Received and filed.

From D. R Harris, in connection with the drainage of the city, and asking for permission to inspect the contour map made by him some time ago, for the purpose of projecting a plan. Permission granted.

From Laken and Deal, enclosing account for $87, for extras on a contract. Ordered to be paid.

SIDEWALKS.

Coun. Boyd's motion that various sidewalks be laid in different parts of the city was then read and seconded. Coun. Boyd said he wished to add that a sidewalk be laid on Government, between Cormorant and Johnson streets.

Coun. Wriglesworth would move in amendment that the matter be postponed for three weeks. The funds would not allow of so much work being done. Amendment carried.

CRICKET GROUNDS.

Coun. W. A. Robertson's motion that the fence around the cricket grounds be pulled down was read. He said it would prevent any claims being made.

His Worship said he thought it would be advisable to withdraw the motion. The corporation had been served with an injunction, and it still held good.

Coun. W. A. Robertson said it was better to take the fence down peacefully than to have a mob go out and pull it down. If they had a right to remove "Jumbo" they had a right to remove a fence. The injunction didn't hold good.

A long discussion ensued, during which several councillors offered to go out and help pull down the fence.

His Worship positively refused to put the motion in the face of the injunction hanging over the council.

A running debate for half an hour took place, in which the councillors tried to argue the point with the mayor, the mayor wishing to rule the motion out of order.

In the meanwhile Coun. Gowen brought forward the matter of a young man who had lost his hand in the council service, and who was now in distress. He would like to see a donation made or something done to relieve his wants. He moved the street committee be empowered to employ the man and one other.

The council then returned to the charge in the matter of the cricket ground; but His Worship resolutely "held the fort." The mover of the motion threatened that if the motion was ruled out of order there would be no business carried on as long as His Worship was in power.

Coun. Vigelius attempted to throw oil on the troubled waters, but his colleagues refused to back down. Neither would His Worship take the advice to vacate the chair.

Coun. Boyd wanted some refreshments brought in, as he said it would not be the first time he had sat until 2 o'clock in the morning.

Having come to a dead-lock, the councillors abandoned their seats at 10:20, and thus the matter dropped.

A STRANGER'S OPINION OF VICTORIA.

A Most Delightful Place.

Feels Happy and Contented in Her New Home.

It must have been "gall and wormwood" to the Times to publish the following extract from a letter written by a Mrs. Gilchrist, now of Victoria, to a friend, and which appears in a recent number of the Orillia (Ont.) Packet;

You must bear in mind, when I write of this city, our new home, that I am only one person, and that "Many men have many minds." To my judgment this is a city of sights. We live very close to the sea shore. The tide ebbs and flows every twelve hours. To give you some idea of its force I have only to state that when the tide is out James Bay bridge stands on dry land; when in it is ten feet deep in water. Boats of almost every nationality arrive constantly. Looking westward you see the Olympian mountains covered with snow. To the southward nothing but a mountain of solid rock meets the eye, rising higher and higher, until your view is lost in a close of mist that rises from the Sound, a sheet of water eighty miles long, where they bring in large vessels. Looking at the view from our house, I have often imagined that Doplady, the gifted author of "Rock of Ages," must have stood here when he composed that immortal hymn. Some eastern friends say our beach is not attractive, but to me it is delightful to stand ten feet above the sea and look outward. A beautiful resort is Cedar Hill, rising to the height of nine hundred and six feet, the summit of which is gained by stone steps. Then we have Beacon Hill, with a race course around it. There are cannon upon it, fired every night at 9 o'clock. A corps of volunteers is regularly employed in the fort. Two miles away there is a place called Esquimalt, where a man-of-war is stationed. The roads all around this place are better far than Mississaga street in your own town; we have no frost to cut them up. Fruit is now good and plentiful, as are all kinds of vegetables. We are blessed with the absence of the potato bug. No worm in cabbage, and many of them would not enter a wash tub. Green peas could be purchased on 1st October. There are great varieties of fish. I bought fifteen-pounds salmon for fifty cents. Our money is quite different from yours; we use "bits" where you would use cents. If you are buying ten cents worth of anything and give twenty-five cents, you will only receive ten cents back, no five cents being in circulation. Money is no consideration here. They think no more of changing a twenty dollar gold piece than you would a five dollar bill. Nearly all gold and silver used here. Altogether this is a most delightful place, the climate all that could be desired, and knowing that relatives from whom I am separated are in good health, I can feel very happy and contented in my new home.

County Court.

(Before Hon. Mr. Justice Crease.)

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 12, 1884.

McLean and others vs. R. Lawson; Wing Kee and Tu Lay vs. R. Lawson.

The argument was concluded to-day, the evidence having been taken the other day. Decision was reserved.

Enterprise Co. vs. Bakes for $87.30 and $58.80, being premiums on 8th and 9th calls on 147 shares held by defendant in that company, and $28.50 interest. Judgment for plaintiffs for full amount. Defendant was not represented and did not appear.

Mr. Drake for plaintiffs.

Court adjourned till Tuesday next.

British Trade.

Poor Britain is going to ruin fast! This year she purchased from the United States 367,349 bales of raw cotton as against 207,775 bales last year; while the United States decreased her home purchases to 205,042 bales from 269,338 the year before. France the chief of protectionists countries only purchased 35,200 bales of cotton from the United States, and the whole of protected Europe only 141,849 bales as against Britain's 367,349. In other words Britain purchased 367,349 bales of cotton as against 346,891 bales for the whole of the protected United States, France and the continent of Europe.

THE CHINESE are certainly coming to the front in journalism in Victoria. The Standard says that the Times is mostly owned by the largest employer of Chinese labor in the city; and the Times says the Standard is altogether owned by the largest owner of Chinese tenement property on the coast. The Celestial, then, in a roundabout way, is made to contribute to the support of two journals printed for the edification of the white population!

AMUSEMENTS.—Kate Castleton is booked to appear in Victoria on the 20th of this month for a short season. It is needless to say anything in favor of this popular little actress, further than that she brings an entirely new bill in "All at Sea." Mr. Geo. Werner, the local theatre manager, is also in correspondence with Rose Etyinge, very favorably known here, and the probability is that she will likewise favor Victoria theatre-goers with a treat.

Joseffy.

We were last night favored with a rare musical treat in the piano recitation given by this great artist. It is not often given to us, so far away from all the great centers, to be able to hear as great a concert as though it were in the Steinway Hall, New York; but Mr. Joseffy makes a point of giving in the smallest places the same programme as to great cities, for, to use his own words, "art belongs to all places and all persons, irrespective of location." The house was crowded to its greatest capacity by the very cream of our society people, and the greatest regret was freely expressed that Mr. Joseffy could only spare us one night. In Seattle, on Tuesday night, he met a great reception, and it is by particular desire that he returns to give one more concert in Portland prior to his journey to St. Paul en route for New York. It will interest the musical amateurs of Victoria to know that, unrivalled artist as Mr. Joseffy is, he yet passes many hours daily in practice on a dummy or silent piano expressly built for him by the great firm of Steinway, and this applies equally to the cars and steamboats. The rapt attention and the hearty applause which each number of the programme received proves that Victoria is a more than ordinary cultivated town.

Lord Dufferin on Canadians.

At a Belfast banquet, a short time ago, Lord Dufferin, one of Canada's best friends, said: "He could never forget that memorable night when, on the eve of his departure for Canada, that splendid chamber was filled with friends that had assembled to wish him God speed and to assure him that in the opinion of those who had known him best and longest the honor then conferred upon him by Her Majesty was not considered misplaced or undeserved. (Cheers.) That occasion ushered in the brightest and happiest period of his life—a period passed in one of the fairest regions within the confines of the empire, amongst a people who were animated by the most generous instincts, endowed with all the noblest gifts and qualities which distinguished the British race, and to whom he owed a debt of gratitude and affection whose welcome burden he would carry to his grave. Since that auspicious celebration twelve years had passed, during which in different capacities he had done his best to render faithful and loyal service to his Queen and country; and now again he was about to proceed to a distant land to undertake a task more arduous, more responsible and more honorable than any which had ever been imposed upon him."

ATHLETIC CLUB.—A number of young men of our city have organized an athletic club, something no place should be without and every young man should belong to. It is a noted fact that institutions of this kind when properly made use of are conducive to good health and development of muscle, which, we are sorry to say, the greater part of our young citizens have heretofore neglected. It is the intention of the members of the club to have an experienced man take charge, and impart to them a series of lessons that will not only be beneficial in making them active and vigorous, but also supply our city with that which should be found in every place of note such as this town is fast becoming. We congratulate our enterprising young friends and bespeak for them every success.

CHINESE DEPRAVITY.—In the police court yesterday Ah Wong, aged 18, was charged by his father, See Lung, with being an incorrigible thief. At his father's request he was sentenced to one month in gaol at hard labor with the strictest prison discipline.

THANKS.—Mr. Joseffy wishes to thank the management of the bazaar, who refrained from playing any music during the progress of the piano recital, which, had they not done, would have greatly interfered with its enjoyment.

The Joseffy Piano.

TO THE EDITOR:—As a subscriber to Mr. Joseffy's concert, I think I may ask why a better piano was not provided? Some of the most delicate, as well as some of the most sonorous parts, were entirely spoiled by the instrument used this evening. I inclose my card. S. A. R.

Victoria, 12th, Nov., 1884.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in Cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.
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Chinese and Japanese Goods.

The King Tye Co. have just received per bark Wildwood, from China and Japan, a large lot of No. 1 quality of Black and Green Teas, which will be sold cheap. Also a large and varied assortment of Chinese and Japanese Fancy Silk, China-ware, Lacquered ware, Fancy Matting, etc., which will be on exhibition in a few days.

THE KING TYE CO.
tf Cormorant street.

J. BACNALL & CO., VICTORIA, B. C., THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE MUSIC HOUSE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE PROVINCE. A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE MUSIC BUSINESS. s15 1y

CHRISTMAS CARDS, Writing Desks, Stationery Cases, Plush and Leather Work Boxes, Brackets, Inkstands and a large variety of Holiday Goods just received by

M. W. WAITT & CO.

ROCKFORD Quick-Train WATCHES Unequalled in EXACTING SERVICE

Used by the U. S. Coast Survey; in U. S. Naval Observatory; by Locomotive Engineers Con. ductors and other Railway men. They are recognized as THE BEST. Sold in principal cities & towns by exclusive Agents (leading jewelers), with a Full Warranty.

G. W. Lange & Son, Victoria,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.
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I. X. L. Clothing Store.

The public are invited to inspect our well selected stock of clothing, just arrived. Men's, boys' and youths' suits, overcoats and ulsters, made expressly for this market in the latest European and American styles. Also hats in brown and black direct from Christy's and Stetson. Furnishing goods—Silk handkerchiefs, ties, collars, silk umbrellas, gloves, etc. Every article guaranteed as represented.

I. X. L. Store, corner Government and Johnson streets. T. L. DAVIES, Manager.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR is one of the most striking and pleasing characteristics and can easily be obtained by using Cingalese Hair Renewer. Price cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists. dwly

FOR SPRAINS AND BRUISES.—Rub Perry Davis' Pain Killer well into the wounded parts, taking the medicine internally at the same time. 16

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

We have received instructions from the

VICTORIA THEATRE COMP'Y

(LIMITED.)

TO SELL BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

Saturday, Nov'r 15th, 1884

AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.

On the Premises, corner of Douglas and View streets,

5 FRAME BUILDINGS.

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
no11 Auctioneer.

THIS DAY. Auction Sale.

I am instructed to sell by Public Auction at salesrooms, Yates street, on

Thursday next, 13th instant,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

THE SLOOP "KETURAH."

As she now lies in James Bay.

Her dimensions are—33 feet in length; 15 feet beam; 5 feet depth of hold, and measures 8 tons.

Well found in sails, cordage, anchor and chains, lights, etc.

BOAT, with oars, etc., complete.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE,
no11 Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

I have been instructed by Mrs. M. Dawson to sell by Auction on the premises at South Saanich, on

Thursday, 24th Nov., at 12 M.

FARM WAGON, SPRING WAGON,

Harness, Saddles, Set Blacksmith Tools, Ploughs, Harrows, Roller, Iron Boiler (70 gallons),

BRANTFORD SELF-BINDING REAPER,

Mowing and Stumping Machines, Sulky Rake, Chaff Cutter, Tools, Double Barrel Gun, Stove, Churns and Milk Pans, 4 Dairy Cows, 4 Heifers, 3 heavy team HORSES, 1 Brood Mare (¾ Clydesdale) a quantity of fine

TIMOTHY HAY, OATS AND WHEAT,

Two Tons of Potatoes and sundry other articles.

Terms at Sale.

G. BYRNES,
no6 Auctioneer.

M. & H. A. FOX

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE ASSORTMENT of Pen, Pocket and Table

CUTLERY, RAZORS, SCISSORS, ELECTRO PLATEDWARE, ETC.,

OF THE BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.

Government St., adjoining *The Colonist* Building.
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NO. 103 FISCARD STREET,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN GENERAL

CHINESE MERCHANDISE,

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WONG TAN AI, Partner.
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DANCING.

MRS. DICKINSON'S AFTERNOON AND EVENING Classes are held at Harmony Hall, View street. Terms strictly in advance.

EVERY SATURDAY.

Afternoon Classes.....from 2 until 4 o'clock
Evening Classes.....from 8 until 10:30
Every Tuesday, Tuition Class 8 till 10 p. m.

Pupils desirous of joining a class can apply for terms to Mrs. DICKINSON at the Hall, on Saturdays from 2 to 4 p. m. se24 3m

ONE DAY.

[Julia H. Thayer.]

One day! I wear it on my heart
As titled ones wear royal gems.
One day! it crowns my life with light
Outshining kingly diadems.

One day of perfect, perfect bliss
With none beside, dear one, save thee,
To talk, and smile, and fill the hours
With love's ecstatic harmony.

O'er yonder waste of coming years
I care not how the shadows play,
For through and through my soul will shine
The matchless glory of One Day.

I cannot wander in the gloom
So far that I shall fail to see,
Whene'er I turn, that gleaming height
Kissed by the Sun of Memory.

A Greek Olive Oil Factory.

[Macmillan's Magazine.]

From the churches our host took us to inspect an olive oil factory, of which there are several in Pyrghi, so that the stream which waters the village is brown with olive juice, like water tinged with peat in an Irish bog. Here they use no machinery or modern appliances in pressing the oil, merely the old primitive wooden press. Women, or sometimes mules, walk round and round revolving a wheel which crushes the olives; in this condition they put them into sacks and then into that "black-faced heifer which devours oak wood," as the Chiotes, in their figurative way, are wont to describe their ovens. The sacks are then placed one over the other in the press, and two men turn a post which pulls a rope, which drags a stick, which tightens the press, and the oil oozes into the receptacle prepared for it, with water inside. The oil and water, of course, do not amalgamate, the dregs sink to the bottom, and the pure oil flows into jars prepared for it.

It is impossible to realize the affection the people have for olives in a purely olive-growing country. "An olive with a kernel gives a boot to a man," is a true adage with them. It is the principal fattening a... sustaining food in a country where hardly any meat is eaten. It takes the place of the potato in Ireland, and on the olive crop depends the welfare of many. An olive yard is presented to the church by way of glebe, and the peasants collect on a stated day to gather these sacred olives, which they buy from the church, and always at the highest market value.

Historical "Elberon."

[Chicago Journal.]

The cottage in which President Garfield died is occupied by a family which rents it of the owner, Mr. Franklyn. It is in the same yard as the Elberon hotel, a retired hostelry, patronized by quiet, wealthy persons. The cottage is a dark-brown, small house, right on the banks of the seashore, and has a carriageway right through the middle of it, that is, through the house. The route of the railroad that bore the wounded statesman to this place of his death is pointed out to all visitors, through the side of the yard and the shrubbery near the cottage up to the very door. No vestige of the track remains. The word "Elberon" was fancifully formed from the initials and name of the projector and builder of the Elberon hotel. His name was E. L. Brown, one of the firm of Franklyn, Brown & Co., of the Cunard steamship line, and his initials and name pronounced together as one word have given the country the historical word—"Elberon."

From Weariness to Joy.

[Cor. Inter Ocean.]

I saw Lieut. Greely's wife as she came upon the deck of the Tennessee, direct from the depot where she landed after a seven days' journey in the cars. She seemed sad and tired, and anxious; there was a distressing expression of suppressed emotion upon her lips, and a look of wan and wearied longing in her wistful eyes. Then she appeared like a woman of 40.

I saw her again on the reviewing stand at the public reception at Portsmouth, when she stood behind her husband's chair, with her hand upon his shoulder, watching the officers and seamen salute him as the column passed by. The wan and anxious look was gone, and the face was that of a bright, proud, joyous girl, with no thought but a full realization of honor, and no emotion but an enthusiastic pride.

Presidents and Their Colleges.

["Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Several of our presidents did not go to college at all, and among them are Washington, Jackson, Van Buren, I think Harrison and Taylor, and perhaps Fillmore. Andrew Johnson hardly went to school at all. Cleveland has never been to college. Blaine got nothing from his father but an education at a country college, and that father argued with his neighbors that if he could be elected prothonotary of Washington county he could put his boys to school at the county seat. In nine cases out of ten boys who derive their educations from hard chance make better use of them than those who have all the money they want to spend at school. I think not one of our presidents, unless it was Gen. Hayes, had a perfectly easy youth.

From a Willow Switch.

[Exchange.]

In the year 1794 a Mr. Goodrich, riding over the hills on horseback, as was the custom in those days, took a willow switch for his whip, and when he reached his journey's end thrust it into the ground in a soft, green spot at the corner of three farms not many miles from Litchfield, Conn. It became the largest tree in the Berkshire hills, and a famous resort. Now it is blown over. It is thirty-two feet around its trunk and 115 feet from tip to tip of its far-stretching boughs.

Niagara Real Estate.

[Chicago Herald.]

The Niagara International Park commission has ascertained that Goat island, during the past ten years, has yielded an annual revenue of about $15,000, and Prospect park, during the same period, $18,000. The island, containing eighty acres, is held at $1,000,000, and the park, fourteen acres, at the same figures. The real estate immediately about the falls, desired by the commission, is held at $3,500,000.

Kentucky's Contribution.

[Winchester (Ky.) Sun.]

A gentleman residing near Cornwell, on the K. & S. A. railroad, was in The Sun office Saturday, and related that on a farm adjacent to his there is a sycamore tree with a knot-hole about six feet from the ground, out of which constantly flows a stream of water, and occasionally fish have been seen to issue from the tree. Tourists who happen in that region flock to the place to view this natural curiosity.

"Mighty Fur Ahead."

[Chicago Herald "Meddler."]

"Come in heah out ob dat draf, you brack mane's chile. Doan you know no better dan stan' roun dar wid you mouf open like dat, ketchin' you def o' cole. You want die and put you pooh mudder and fadder to grief and sorrer, moanin' roun' fo' when you's in de cole grave. Say, honey? You break you ole mudder's hawt ef you should die."

"Better let de chile alone, Wandy," said the old man on the back porch. "Better let him alone. ... de Lor' know best. Better let him cotch his cole and die while he am young. He mought grow up to be a man and git nominated for president and den he would bring our gray hahs down to de berry briak ob de grabe in sorrer."

"Jeemes Huffiintin, you looks mighty fur ahead—mighty fur fur a niggah. Wonder to me dat you ain't got some offs yosef"

THE LAND OF THE VEDAS.

Laborers by the Roadside—Woman's Work—At Sundown.

[Ajmere (India) Cor. New York Tribune.]

We came upon a shoemaker sitting full in the sun by the dusty roadside with the forlornest agglomeration of wrecked boots and shoes ever seen off a dust heap. He was gazing upon the moldy mass of soleless uppers and earthquake-rent soles, a picture of despondency. A possible customer coming along, he brightened up, and in a long and animated speech appeared to be demonstrating that, though eccentric in appearance, these were the kind of shoes which, with judicious mending, were warranted to carry a man on to fortune. Boot-making and boot-mending, a poor trade generally throughout India, is brisker in Ajmere, where the men are much more given to wearing them than is the rule. Women here as elsewhere invariably go barefooted. Shoes used by a native must necessarily be a size too large, since their career is a constant alternation of slipping off and shuffling on. No native enters a room or shop with his shoes on.

Driving out to the gardens we came upon a gang of road-makers. The process of mending the Ajmere roads is peculiar. A strip about six feet wide is formed in the center with a mixture of hard clay and gravel. When it is level it is beaten down and makes an admirable road for light traffic. The outer edges get whatever may be left. A gang of ten men were beating the road with rammers. They stood in double line, five facing five, one line retiring and the other advancing. As they moved they chanted in quick time a refrain which phonetically reads, "Sydly-hum, Sydly-hum," the rammers being brought down altogether at the "hum." Women brought in baskets, carried on their heads, the road material, which they flung down as it was wanted. One woman, doing her full share under the hot sun, carried a lusty year-old boy on her hip. This is a marked distinction between Japan and India. While in the former country babies are always carried on the back, in India they are invariably borne astride on the hip.

Women work hard in Ajmere. I expect it would not have taken four of them to make those thin cakes. By the Dak bungalow I saw a file of a dozen, chiefly young girls, uplifted high on an unfinished house, busily engaged in bricklaying. The drawing and carrying of water is an important item in the day's work of the women in Ajmere. In most towns water is supplied in frequent wells, approachable from the street level. At Ajmere the daily store of water is found in a dip between two walls of rock, approached by steep flights of stairs. One rock rising there out of the water was almost literally hidden from view by a cloud of pigeons that clung to its rugged front. It was a pretty sight, the constant stream of straight, lithe women in many colored kirtles coming and going with their red jars poised on their heads. Some had a small ring of plaited straw, which they placed on their heads, and on this stood the water-jar, slim-necked, full-bodied, and rounding off at the base to a ring not larger than the palm of the hand.

All the life of an Indian bazar dies out at sundown, as it began at sunrise. There are no flaring gas-lights, no crowd of promenaders. As darkness falls over the narrow streets the goods are taken in from the ever-open shop, the shop-keepers disappear, the shops become dark, empty caverns, and only here and there the glare of a miniature furnace with a man's face suddenly lighted up, as he applies the blow-pipe, shows the late worker in silver or brass.

Silk Manufacture in America.

[Springfield, (Mass.) Republican.]

Silk manufacturing has grown wonderfully in the United States in the last thirty-five years, the most remarkable increase being from 1870 to 1880, when it was 250 per cent. This country stands second now in this branch of industry, France ranking first, and promises to lead before long. The value of the silk manufacture of 1880 was $41,?3.,?45, New Jersey leading with $17,122,23? ... New York followed with $10,1?0,140, Connecticut $5,881,100, Massachusetts $3,764,260, and Pennsylvania $3,491,840. A number of branches of the industry received a special impetus from the Centennial exhibition, notably gros grain dress silks and handkerchiefs, while silk tapestry and similar goods are products of the last six years.

With the growth of local manufacture the importation of foreign silks has fluctuated and of late years fallen off, the decline from 1882 to 1883 being $6,314,069, while the decrease will be still greater this year. Meanwhile the importation of raw silk has increased, and this country is now considered the best market in the world, suggesting possibilities in American cocoon raising which ought not to be neglected, as certain portions of the United States are perfectly adapted to the growth of the mulberry tree. American silk manufacturers have several strong advantages over foreign competitors. They have a good home market, can readily adapt themselves to sudden changes in fashions, and, while using more machinery, produce the best and most uniform fabrics.

Beethoven's and Schubert's Graves.

[Vienna Cor. London Telegraph.]

The remains of Beethoven and Schubert are to be transferred from the burial ground of Waehring, one of the suburbs of Vienna, to the central Friedhof, a large new cemetery just outside the town, where ground has been specially reserved for the interment of great men.

The old graveyard of Waehring has been closed for the last seven years, and as I saw it recently it looked dirty and neglected beyond description. The tomb of Beethoven was erected four years ago; until then his remains had been left where deposited after his death, a common slab alone indicating where they lay. This slab has been replaced by something better, and when the change was made his ashes were put into a metal coffin. The grave is now surrounded by a low iron railing, and at the foot stands a stone slab, pyramid-shaped bearing for an inscription the name of Beethoven in large gilt letters. It is, however, still of modest appearance, and no stranger would think of looking there for the burial place of Ludwig von Beethoven. The tomb of Schubert is more pretentious, but, if possible, less imposing and altogether unworthy of the great genius whose remains lie beneath.

Cremation in New York.

[New York Cor. Indianapolis Grocer.]

The United States Cremation company now numbers 200 members, who have each paid $25 for the privilege of being burned, and one share of stock. A queer lot are the cremators. Brokers, poets, physicians, preachers and philosophers. The upper or better class are they almost entirely. Common people want to be buried; the thoughtful people want to burn, and will burn. Among the noted subscribers to the fund I see Professor Felix Adler; R. U. Johnson, of The Century; Kate Field; the editors of Puck, and others of equal fame. Ten bodies can be burned a day. Fifteen dollars will be the cost of the burning, and $40 will cover everything, a niche in the columbarium for the urn, an inscribed tablet, and the urn itself. Its exceeding cheapness commends cremation to everybody. To be burned at a reasonable figure is better than to be buried at an unreasonable one.

There are 550,841 miles of telegraph in the world, of which 163,940 are in the United States.

THE DUDE'S CIGARET.

It Kills, but "There's Millions In It."

"Have you any cigarets, Mr. Drug Store Man?" a dude asked a North side drug store.

"Any kind you wish."

"I'll take a package of Mignonet Bouquet."

"Well, we haven't any by that name, but here is the next thing to it. These are called 'I'll never forget my sweetheart.'"

"I'll try those," said the thin-legged young man, and as he balanced a shining pair of glasses upon a long and prominent nose he gave several puffs at the sample of the new brand, glanced admiringly at the pale face reflected behind the cloud of smoke in the looking-glass, and went his way, gayly whistling the air to the latest love-song.

The prescription clerk came out from behind his window and looked at the retreating figure in contempt. "Observe," he said, "how the youth admired himself as he puffed away in front of the glass. Well, I dare say the tobacco sickened him, but he smokes because it looks well. I presume he wears glasses for the same reason."

"You have no right to complain," said the proprietor, "trade would not be half so good for us if the dudes did not smoke. You might as well tell the women to stop eating morphine and dispense with cosmetics. Suppose they did, what would become of our occupations? We might have to turn in and do what those men are doing out there—scrape the streets. It's all for the best. The dude smokes cigarets, and while he does he patronizes the tobacco case. After awhile he gets a cough and goes to the doctor, and comes to us with a prescription. He thinks he has a fatal disorder, and so we get the best of him again."

"That may be so," said the clerk, dejectedly, "but in the meantime he has married a rich girl and is prepared to lead a life of ease while more sensible men are rolling pills."

"If you want to catch onto a rich girl," said the proprietor, "you oughter go and hire out as a coachman. In that case you'd have to get used to a cob-pipe a la Carlisle, that is until you could stand in with the family and find out where the old man kept his Havanas."

"You don't mean to infer that dudes are the only people who smoke cigarets, do you?" a reporter asked.

"No; they are the largest customers. Some are consumed by young boys and women. The dude and the cigaret seem made for one another, and the trade in them—I mean cigarets—depend upon the crop of dudes. In Chicago there must be large numbers of these silly young men, for the annual sale of cigarets is immense. A wholesale dealer told me recently that at least 100,000,000 of them were sold by the firms he could name on his fingers' ends. It is a question whether the dude was called out by the cigaret or whether he originated the cigaret. The first cigarets were made for the trade about ten years ago, up to which time the tobacco and papers of which they were made were sold separately, and those who smoked them made them for themselves. Since then machinery has been invented by which they can be made in large quantities. Since the goods began to be sold in ready-made packages the trade has shifted, it appears, from the confirmed smokers over to dudes and beginners, the old smokers preferring cigars, because they are made of better tobacco and have none of the poison contained in the cigaret-paper. This enters into the blood, makes the face pale, settles upon the lungs, and gives birth to a hacking cough."

Delights of Country Life.

"Now, then, farmer," said the denizen of the city, after he had made arrangements for the board of himself and family for a fortnight, and paid the bill in advance, "I suppose we'll live in clover while we are here—plenty of good country butter, and all that, eh?"

"Oh, yes, sir."

"No danger of starving, eh?"

"Oh, no, sir; the peddlers from the city come this way twice a week with vegetables, fruits, and such; the milk train stops and leaves a can every day, and the butter, cheese, and eggs man comes round every Saturday as regular as clockwork. You needn't have fear but you'll have plenty to eat."—*Somerville Journal.*

Poor Carlotta, ex-Empress of Mexico, spends only a few thousands a year in her madhouse, and the accumulated interest of her immense fortune has become enormous. Her heirs will be her brothers.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT WE INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase a small Island, containing 4 acres of land, in ...oal Bay, opposite Section 16.

HENRY BRACKMAN,
DAVID R. KER.

North Saanich, B.C., Sept. 29th, 1884. oc1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 160 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte group, described as follows: From the N E post of Lot 7, Group I., 92.50 chains south to the S. E. post of Lot 7, Group I.; thence east, 1800; thence north to the N. W. post of J. M. I. Alexander's pre-emption; thence westerly to the original starting point.

EGREMONT E. SHEARBURN.

9th October, 1884. oc18 2m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND MAKING application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres (more or less) of pastoral land situated in the Osoyoos District and described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake near Johnson Creek, in the west side of Rock Creek, marked "H.N.'s N.W. corner," thence running S.E. about 1½ miles; thence S.W. ½ mile; thence N.W. 1½ miles; thence N.E ½ mile, to point of commencement.

HENRY NICHOLSON.

Victoria River, B.C., Aug. 28th, 1884. se24

IN THE MATTER OF SOLOMON A. COPLAND DECEASED

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of the late Solomon A. Copland are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned, to whom, also, all accounts due by the deceased must be sent.

D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor to D. A. Copland, Administratrix.

Victoria, Sept. 11th, 1884. se12 2

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

YALE DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT HIS EXcellency in Council has been pleased to extend the time for the acceptance of applications for Licenses under the Liquor License Act, in Yale District, 1st October next.

a July, 1884.

M. LUMBY,
First License Commissioner, Spallmucheen.

au3 2mw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHAT SO MANY PEOPLE SAY

THAT

W. & J. WILSON'S

NEW STOCK OF

SUITS, OVERCOATS, UNDERCLOTHING

HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

—SURPASS FOR—

VARIETY AND CHEAPNESS

ANY YET SHOWN IN THE CITY.

Opposite the Postoffice. **GOVERNMENT STREET.**

se25 3m

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., LIMIT'D

Taking effect from July 4th Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

EAST COAST ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
Saanich					7 A. M.	
Cowichan	7 A. M.				7 A. M.	
Burgoyne Bay			7 A. M.			
Maple Bay	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Vesuvias Bay	7 A. M.				A. M.	
Chemainus	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Nanaimo	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Comox			7 A. M.			

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
Ladner's Landing	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
New Westminster	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Port Hammond	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Plumper Pass					7 A. M.	
Granville, Moodyville, Pt Moody					7 A. M.	

NOTE.—Steamers leaving Victoria Mondays and Fridays connect at New Westminster for Hope and a way Landings.

Freight for Yale and Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond and Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

No freight will be received after 5 p.m.

For WRANGLE, SKEENA RIVER and Way Ports—Str Otter, Capt. Meyer, will sail Nov. 8th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

my14tf JNO. IRVING, Manager.

THE KING TYE COMPANY.

EX BARK WILDWOOD, FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

A Large Consignment of Goods on Exhibition consisting of

BLACK & GREEN TEAS FROM 2-OZ. PKGS TO 40-LB. BXS

FANCY SILK AND CRAPE GOODS.

Numerous varieties of Artificial Flowers, Fancy Lacquered Cabinet Work, Ladies' Genuine Ivory and Tortoise Shell Combs, Gilded China Tea Sets, Plates, Dishes, Jugs, Vases, Fishing Goods, Pagodas, Fret Work and thousands of other Fancy Articles too numerous to mention.

A LARGE LOT OF CHINESE FANCY MATTING.

☞ CALL AND INSPECT OUR VARIED STOCK as we have unusual facilities compared to other Importers on the Pacific Coast.

THE KING TYE COMPANY, no2 CORMORANT ST., ABOVE STORE.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAILS.

A Large Eight-Page Publication,

CONTAINING ALL THE LATEST LOCAL AND FOREIGN NEWS.

THE COLONIST

Is now in its Twenty-Sixth Year of usefulness, and having secured the

EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO PUBLISH THE NEWS TELEGRAMS OF THE WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS,

Is enabled to place before its readers the Latest Intelligence

TWENTY-FOUR HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY OTHER PROVINCIAL PUBLICATION.

TERMS:

ONE YEAR	$3 00
SIX MONTHS	2 00
THREE MONTHS	1 00

(Always in Advance). Mailed, free of postage, to any part of Canada or Great Britain.

ADVERTISEMENTS—A limited number received at the rate of 10 cents per line, solid nonpareil. dw

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ALL APPLICATIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of the "British North American Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application to be published as follows:—

A notice inserted in the BRITISH COLUMBIA GAZETTE and in one newspaper published in the District affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest District in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition.

Before any petition, praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such a Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rule, also at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

THORNTON FELL,
se19tf Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

NOTICE.

Caution to Shipmasters and the Public in General.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES IT TO BE DIStinctly understood that he has no connection whatever with Mr. York in the Stevedore business carried on at Burrard Inlet.

oc16 1m WM. H. SOULE

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPALITY OF THE CITY OF NEW Westminster are prepared to offer the sum of

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

($50,000) as a Bonus to any person or company that will build, maintain and run a Railway from the City of New Westminster to the Canadian Pacific Railway Terminus at Port Moody. Said offers to be sent in to this office on or before the 1st day of November, 1884.

By order, A. J. ALPORT, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
New Westminster, 9th Sept., 1884. se12 2m

LAND REGISTRY ORDINANCE, 1870.

Victoria City Lot No. 22 and part of Lot No. 23, Block 77.

WHEREAS A CERTIFICATE OF TITLE IN the name of Charles Good, dated 13th October 1863, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made under the provisions of the Land Registry Ordinance, 1870, for a duplicate of such certificate.

Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Acting Registrar General.

Land Registry Office,
15th October, 1884. oc17 1m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL ONLY accept COIN FOR RENT, as well as for the payments to be made to me.

LD. LOWENBERG.

SURGEON GENERAL ROBOTHAM,

M. R. C. S., Eng., &c.

DR. ASH HAVING RETURNED TO VICTORIA, Surgeon General Robotham will no longer undertake Family or Visiting Practice; but can be consulted daily from 10 a. m. to 1 p.m. at his residence, Pandora street.

Victoria, B.C., 29th Oct., 1884 oc30dw1w

INSURANCE.

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS - - - - $31,000,000

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PROPOSALS ACCEPTED BEFORE THE 15th November proximo

Will Rank for Two Years Full Bonus

At the next Division of Profits among Policy Holders to be made 15th Nov., 1885.

At the Division of Profits in 1880 upwards of $3,500,000 in Bonus Additions was made to existing assurances in the Standard.

☞ REDUCED RATES of Premium for British Columbia.

Proposals received, Policies issued and Losses adjusted at the Victoria Branch.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Wharf St., Victoria
Agents and Secretaries to the Local Board
oc16 1m of Directors.

THE CITY OF LONDON

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $10, 00,000

Losses Paid without reference to Home office.

Chairman—Sir Henry E. Knight.
L. C. Phillips, General Manager.

SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CON.

Assets, $27,000,000.

JOHN NICHOLLES,
Agent for British Columbia.
OFFICE:—Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express
fe19 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE ROYAL.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE.

ASSETS - - $35,000 0

MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION, OF SAN FRANCISCO,

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF EDINBURGH.

ASSETS Upwards o - - - - $30,000,000

Risks Accepted, Policies Issued and Losses Adjusted by

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Wharf St., Victoria, 1st Jan., jal 1y

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OLD BROAD ST., AND 16 PALL MALL
LONDON,

INSTITUTED, - - 1808.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDings, Goods, Wards, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in port, Harbor or Dock and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL—ONE MILLION HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territory
my19

FURNITURE.

JOHN WEILER,

FORT STREET,

HAS JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE best factories in the East several carloads of

WALNUT AND ASH

FURNITURE

Which for Workmanship and Design are unsurpassed in this province, consisting of

BEDROOM SUITES,
EXTENSION AND PARLOR TABLES,
SIDEBOARDS, BOOKCASES,
WRITING DESKS, ETC.

Also, several large invoices of CHAIRS of all kinds, from a Kitchen to a first-class Parlor and Office Chair.

Also, REED CHAIRS and ROCKERS.

Further, a complete line of the Latest Styles of

WALLPAPER,

WITH ARTISTIC DECORATIONS.

Always on hand, the most extensive choice of

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Platedware, Cutlery, Lamps and Chandeliers.

Further, CARPETS of all kinds, Cocoa and Hemp and Chinese Matting, Oilcloth and Linoleum.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to visit my establishment, examine goods and compare prices before buying elsewhere and I am sure they will not regret it, as they will save money if they favor me with their custom.

☞ A Liberal Discount on IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS

ap18 JOHN WEILER.

FURNITURE

JACOB SEHL,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY CLASS OF FURNITURE

AT PRICES THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION.

Bedroom, Parlor and Dining-room Suites

Of the latest styles, now on hand—the finest ever offered in Victoria.

ALSO—Received Ex PRINCE RUPERT and other recent arrivals,

CARPETS, LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH & MATTING, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, ETC.

ALSO—A Large Variety of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at greatly reduced prices, to make room for my new Spring Stock now on the way direct from the Factory.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to call and convince themselves.

mh18 J. SEHL, Government street.

That Old, Reliable Killer of Pain,

Whether Internal or External, Perry Davis' Pain Killer should have a place in every Factory, Machine Shop and Mill, on every Farm, and in every Household, ready for immediate use, not only for Accidents, Cuts, Bruises, etc., but for Bowel Complaints, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, sudden Colds, Chills, Neuralgia, etc., etc. Sold everywhere. Price, 20c, 25c and 50c per Bottle.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. Limited
Wholesale Agents, Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal C of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

jy9 1/

LD. LOWENBERG,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR COR. OF BROUGHTON,

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO selling, purchasing and leasing property; to negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate Business.

Maps of all the different districts on the Island may be seen at this office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on the Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street, Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some of which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage and in sums to suit the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. de1

WeakNervousMen

Whose debility, exhaustion and premature decay are caused by excesses, errors of youth, etc., are perfectly restored to robust health and vigorous manhood by THE MARSTON BOLUS. No stomach drugging. This treatment of Nervous Debility and Physical Decay is uniformly successful because based on perfect diagnosis, new and direct methods and absolute thoroughness. Sealed Treatise free. MARSTON REMEDY CO., 75 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

BUY THE BEST QUALITY OF

Union India Rubber Co.'s

Pure Gum

CRACKPROOF

RUBBER BOOTS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Be sure the Boots are stamped *CRACK PROOF* on the heels, and have the *PURE GUM SPRINGS* on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking or breaking. We are now making them with RUBBER AND ASBESTOS Soles which will make them last more than twice as long as any Rubber Boots made

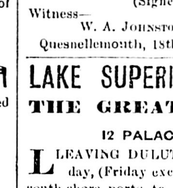
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES. Etc.

GOODYEAR RUBBER COMP'Y

R. H. PEASE, Jr. }
S. M. RUNYON, } Agents.
au15dw4m San Francisco

VICTORIA MARBLEWORKS



MONUMENTS
TABLETS
TOMBS, MANTEL
FURNITURE WORK,
ETC., ETC., E

☞ ALSO, FURNISH STONE FOR BUILDING PURPOSES. ☜

DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND FISGARD.

GEORGE RUDGE, PROPRIETOR.

All Orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed no3dw?m

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between James Reid and Hibbard Hudson as merchants and traders, Quesnellemouth, B. C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the late firm are to be paid to James Reid, by whom all liabilities will be settled.

(Signed) JAMES REID,
HIBBARD HUDSON.

Witness—
W. A. JOHNSTON.

Quesnellemouth, 18th Sept., 1884. se28dw10t

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT CO.

THE GREAT LAKE ROUTE

12 PALACE STEAMSHIPS

LEAVING DULUTH, MINN., EVERY WEEK day, (Friday excepted) via LAKE SUPERIOR south shore ports to PORT HURON, MICH., DETROIT, MICH., CLEVELAND, OHIO, ERIE, PA. and BUFFALO, N. Y.

Connections made at PORT HURON, MICH. with GRAND TRUNK R'Y for all Canadian points, and CLEVELAND, ERIE and BUFFALO with the GRAND TRUNK LINE for all Eastern Points. Vary a long tedious journey by taking the RAIL and LAKE ROUTE.

If your ticket agent cannot furnish the required ticket, purchase to DULUTH, and our agent at that port will furnish you a through ticket and check your baggage to destination.

C. G. FRANKLIN,
N. W. PASS. AGENT, ST. PAUL, MINN.
D. A. CHRISTY, AGENT, DULUTH, MINN.
je27w3m

NOTICE.

In Re the Estate of BENJAMIN H. WILSON, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Estate of the late Benjamin H. Wilson, of Granville, are hereby requested to send in their accounts to the undersigned on or before 20th November, 1884, and all persons indebted to the above estate must pay their accounts forthwith to

LOUISA WILSON,
Of Granville, the Executrix.

Dated Granville, Oct. 16th, 1884. oc19 1m

VICTORIA HIDE DEPOT.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

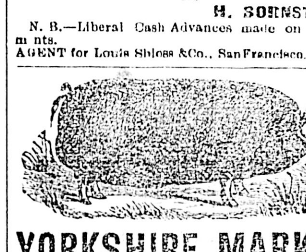
HIDES, SHEEP AND DEER SKINS

OFFICE REMOVED TO YATES STREET NEXT TO TODD SON.

H. BORNSTEIN.

N. B.—Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments.

AGENT for Louis Shloss &Co., San Francisco. jy8



YORKSHIRE MARKET

YATES ST., bet. Broad and Government

JULIUS BARRAN,

PORK PACKER

And Sausage Maker.

HAS NOW ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT of his ROYAL STANDARD HAMS AND CELEBRATED BREAKFAST BACON.

fe2

CHEMAINUS SAW MILL,

CHEMAINUS, B C.

CROFT & ANGUS

ARE NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY LUMBER of every description. Orders by mail promptly filled. Consulting Engineers. Sole Agents Garrett & Son's Engines and Agricultural Machinery, and A. Ransome & Co.'s Wood Working Machinery. fe7dw

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